# Altivar 71

Variable speed drives for synchronous motors and asynchronous motors

# **Installation Manual**

03/2015



55 kW (75 Hp) ... 75 kW (100 Hp) / 200 - 240 V 90 kW (125 Hp) ... 500 kW (700 Hp) / 380 - 480 V 90 kW (125 Hp) ... 630 kW (700 Hp) / 500 - 690 V



The information provided in this documentation contains general descriptions and/or technical characteristics of the performance of the products contained herein. This documentation is not intended as a substitute for and is not to be used for determining suitability or reliability of these products for specific user applications. It is the duty of any such user or integrator to perform the appropriate and complete risk analysis, evaluation and testing of the products with respect to the relevant specific application or use thereof. Neither Schneider Electric nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries shall be responsible or liable for misuse of the information contained herein. If you have any suggestions for improvements or amendments or have found errors in this publication, please notify us.

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All pertinent state, regional, and local safety regulations must be observed when installing and using this product. For reasons of safety and to help ensure compliance with documented system data, only the manufacturer should perform repairs to components.

When devices are used for applications with technical safety requirements, the relevant instructions must be followed.

Failure to use Schneider Electric software or approved software with our hardware products may result in injury, harm, or improper operating results.

Failure to observe this information can result in injury or equipment damage.

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# Important information

#### **NOTICE**

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

### A A DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

### **▲ WARNING**

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

### **▲** CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

### **NOTICE**

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

#### **PLEASE NOTE:**

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

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#### **Qualification Of Personnel**

Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation are authorized to work on and with this product. In addition, these persons must have received safety training to recognize and avoid hazards involved. These persons must have sufficient technical training, knowledge and experience and be able to foresee and detect potential hazards that may be caused by using the product, by changing the settings and by the mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment of the entire system in which the product is used. All persons working on and with the product must be fully familiar with all applicable standards, directives, and accident prevention regulations when performing such work.

### Before you begin

#### Intended Use

This product is a drive for three-phase synchronous and asynchronous motors and intended for industrial use according to this manual. The product may only be used in compliance with all applicable safety regulations and directives, the specified requirements and the technical data. Prior to using the product, you must perform a risk assessment in view of the planned application. Based on the results, the appropriate safety measures must be implemented. Since the product is used as a component in an entire system, you must ensure the safety of persons by means of the design of this entire system (for example, machine design). Any use other than the use explicitly permitted is prohibited and can result in hazards. Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel.

#### **Product Related Information**

Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

### A A DANGER

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation and who have received safety training to recognize and avoid hazards involved are authorized to work on and with this drive system. Installation, adjustment, repair and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The system integrator is responsible for compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Many components of the product, including the printed circuit boards, operate with mains voltage. Do not touch. Use only
  electrically insulated tools.
- Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- Motors can generate voltage when the shaft is rotated. Prior to performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- AC voltage can couple voltage to unused conductors in the motor cable. Insulate both ends of unused conductors of the motor cable.
- Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.
- Before performing work on the drive system:
  - Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
  - Place a **Do Not Turn On** label on all power switches.
  - Lock all power switches in the open position.
  - Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. The DC bus LED is not an indicator of the absence of DC bus voltage that can exceed 800 Vdc.
  - Measure the voltage on the DC bus between the DC bus terminals (PA/+, PC/-) using a properly rated voltmeter to verify that the voltage is <42 Vdc
  - If the DC bus capacitors do not discharge properly, contact your local Schneider Electric representative. Do not repair or operate the product.
- Install and close all covers before applying voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

# **WARNING**

#### **UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT**

Drive systems may perform unexpected movements because of incorrect wiring, incorrect settings, incorrect data or other errors.

- Carefully install the wiring in accordance with the EMC requirements.
- Do not operate the product with unknown or unsuitable settings or data.
- · Perform a comprehensive commissioning test.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# Before you begin

Damaged products or accessories may cause electric shock or unanticipated equipment operation.

# A A DANGER

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK OR UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Do not use damaged products or accessories.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Contact your local Schneider Electric sales office if you detect any damage whatsoever.

# **▲** WARNING

#### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines (1).
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

(1) For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems.

#### NOTICE

#### **DESTRUCTION DUE TO INCORRECT MAINS VOLTAGE**

Before switching on and configuring the product, verify that it is approved for the mains voltage

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.



#### **HOT SURFACES**

- Ensure that any contact with hot surfaces is avoided.
- Do not allow flammable or heat-sensitive parts in the immediate vicinity of hot surfaces.
- · Verify that the heat dissipation is sufficient by performing a test run under maximum load conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# **INSTALLATION**

# ■ 1 Receive and inspect the drive controller

- □ Check that the catalog number printed on the label is the same as that on the purchase order
- Remove the Altivar from its packaging and check that it has not been damaged in transit

# ■ 2 Check the line voltage

□ Check that the line voltage is compatible with the voltage range of the drive (see pages 12 and 14)

# Steps 1 to 4 must be performed with the power off.



- □ Mount the drive in accordance with the instructions in this document
- □ Install and connect the DC choke (see page 17) or the transformer(s) (see page 20) and the AC choke
- □ Install any internal and external options



### ■ 4 Wire the drive

- □ Connect the motor, ensuring that its connections correspond to the voltage
- □ Connect the line supply, after making sure that the power is off
- □ Connect the control
- □ Connect the speed reference

# **PROGRAMMING**

□ **5** Please refer to the Programming Manual

# **Preliminary recommendations**

### On receipt

Package contents will vary depending on the model:

- ATV71HeeeM3X and ATV71HeeeN4 contain:
- The drive and a DC choke mounted on the same pallet. The DC choke will comprise 1 to 3 components depending on the drive rating.
- ATV71HeeeM3XD and ATV71HeeeN4D contain:
  - The drive only.
- ATV71H●●●Y contains:
- The drive and one or two DC chokes mounted on the same pallet.

#### Handling/Storage

To protect the drive prior to installation, handle and store the device in its packaging. Ensure that the ambient conditions are acceptable.



#### WARNING

#### **DAMAGED PACKAGING**

If the packaging appears damaged, it can be dangerous to open it or handle it. Take precautions against all risks when opening or handling the packaging.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.



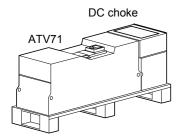
# **▲** WARNING

#### **DAMAGED EQUIPMENT**

Do not install or operate any drive that appears damaged.

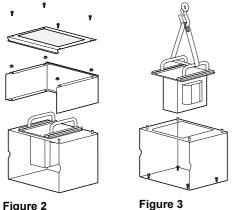
Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

### Unpacking/Handling ATV71HeeeM3X and ATV71HeeeN4 drives



The drive and the DC choke are mounted on a pallet with screws (Figure 1). The DC choke is supplied already assembled to make it easier to transport. It will comprise 1 to 3 components depending on the drive rating. The unit should be unpacked in the following order:





- 1 Disassemble the components of the DC choke (Figure 2) for installation later, and use a hoist to remove the choke (Figure 3).
- 2 Remove the fixing screws (Figure 3) from the choke support on the pallet.

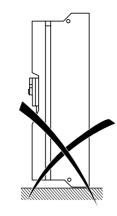
# **▲** WARNING

#### **RISK OF CUTS**

The fixing screws that hold the choke support on the pallet are difficult to access, leading to a risk of cutting oneself. Take all possible measures to avoid this risk, and use protective gloves.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Figure 2



3 Remove the screws holding the drive on the pallet and use a hoist to lift the drive off. It has lifting lugs for this purpose (Figure 4).

### **WARNING**

### **RISK OF TOPPLING**

Never stand the drive upright (Figure 5) without keeping hold of it, or it will topple

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Figure 4

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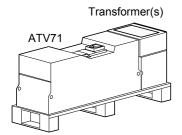
Figure 5

### Unpacking/Handling ATV71HeeeM3XD and ATV71HeeeN4D drives

As these models do not feature a DC choke, you only need to follow instruction 3 above.

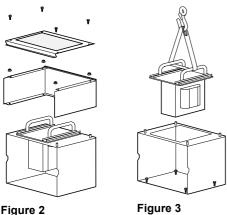
# **Preliminary recommendations**

### Unpacking/Handling ATV71HeeeY drives



The drive and one or two transformers are mounted on a pallet with screws (Figure 1). The transformer(s) are supplied ready-assembled to make transport easier. The unit should be unpacked in the following order:

Figure 1



1 Disassemble the components of the transformer(s) (Figure 2) for installation later, and use a hoist to remove the transformer(s) (Figure 3).

2 Remove the fixing screws (Figure 3) from the transformer(s).



#### **RISK OF CUTS**

The fixing screws that hold the transformer(s) support on the pallet are difficult to access, leading to a risk of cutting oneself. Take all possible measures to avoid this risk, and use protective gloves.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Figure 2

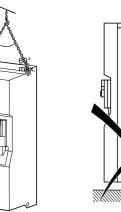


Figure 4 Figure 5

3 Remove the screws holding the drive on the pallet and use a hoist to lift it off. It has lifting lugs for this purpose (Figure 4).

# **▲** WARNING

#### **RISK OF TOPPLING**

Never stand the drive upright (Figure 5) without keeping hold of it, or it will topple

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

### **Preliminary recommendations**

#### Installing the drive

- **Mount the drive first** on a wall or the back of the enclosure in accordance with the recommendations described in this document, before installing the DC choke or transformer(s).

### Installing the DC choke on ATV71HeeeM3X and ATV71HeeeN4 drives

ATV71H D55M3XD to D75M3XD and ATV71H D90N4D to C50N4D drives are not supplied with a DC choke.

ATV71H D55M3X to D75M3X and ATV71H D90N4 to C50N4 drives are supplied with a DC choke that must be installed on top of the drive and wired in accordance with the recommendations described in this document. This choke must be used for connecting drives to the three-phase line supply.

- Mount the DC choke on the back of the enclosure or on the wall above the drive and connect it up. The instructions for installing and connecting the choke are given on page <u>17</u>.
- Make sure that the seal between the drive and the choke chassis is doing its job properly.

### Installing the transformer(s) on ATV71H●●●Y drives

ATV71H C11Y to C63Y drives are supplied with one or two transformers for the fan power supply; these must be installed on top of the drive and wired in accordance with the recommendations described in this document.

### Installing the AC choke on ATV71HeeeY drives

The use of an AC choke, which must be ordered separately, is mandatory on these drives if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).

#### Recommendations

Read and understand the instructions in the "Programming Manual".



#### **INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE**

Before powering up and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

# **DANGER**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 71, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation. Do not forget to reactivate the Power Removal input to start the motor.
- Before turning on the drive, or when exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



If the safety of personnel requires the prohibition of unwanted or unintended operation, provision for electronic locking is provided by the Altivar 71's Power Removal function.

This function requires the use of connection diagrams conforming to category 3 of standard EN 954-1, ISO 13849-1 and safety integrity level 2

according to IEC/EN 61508.

The Power Removal function takes priority over any run command.

# **Drive ratings**

#### Powers in kW

### Three-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 200..240 V

Motor	Line suppl	y (input)		Drive (output	ut)	Altivar 71		
Power indicated on plate (1)	Line curren	t (2)	Max. prospective line Isc (4)	Apparent power	Max. available nominal current In (1)	Max. tra current (		Catalog number (3)
	at 200 V	at 240 V				60 s	2 s	
kW	A	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	Α	
55	202	176	35	71	221	332	365	ATV71HD55M3X(5)
75	274	237	35	95	285	428	470	ATV71HD75M3X(5)

### Three-phase supply voltage: 380...480 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 380...480 V

Motor	Line suppl	y (input)			<b>Drive (output)</b>			Altivar 71
Power indicated on plate (1)	Line curren	t (2)	Max. prospective line lsc (4)	Apparent power	Max. available nominal current In (1)	Max. trans current (1		Catalog number (3)
	at 380 V	at 480 V				60 s	2 s	
kW	Α	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	Α	
90	166	134	35	109	179	268	295	ATV71HD90N4(5)
110	202	163	35	133	215	322	354	ATV71HC11N4(5)
132	239	192	35	157	259	388	427	ATV71HC13N4(5)
160	289	233	50	190	314	471	518	ATV71HC16N4(5)
200	357	286	50	235	387	580	638	ATV71HC20N4(5)
220	396	320	50	261	481	721	793	ATV71HC25N4(5)
250	444	357	50	292				
280	494	396	50	325	550	825	907	ATV71HC28N4(5)
315	555	444	50	365	616	924	1016	ATV71HC31N4(5)
355	637	512	50	419	759	1138	1252	ATV71HC40N4(5)
400	709	568	50	467				
500	876	699	50	577	941	1411	1552	ATV71HC50N4(5)

<sup>(1)</sup> These power ratings and currents are given for an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F) at the factory-set switching frequency of 2.5 kHz, used in continuous operation.

- (2) Typical value for the indicated motor power, with a standard 4-pole motor on a line supply with the indicated "Max. prospective line Isc".
- (3) The drives are supplied as standard with a DC choke, which must be used when connecting a drive to the three-phase supply. For connections to the DC bus, drives can be ordered without a DC choke by adding D at the end of the catalog number. For example, ATV 71HD90N4 becomes ATV 71HD90N4D.
- (4) If the drive is installed on a line supply with a prospective short-circuit current that is higher than the value given in this column, use line chokes (please refer to the catalog).
- (5) Drives with the extension 383 are intended for use with synchronous motors.

Above 2.5 kHz, the drive will reduce the switching frequency automatically in the event of excessive temperature rise. For continuous operation above 2.5 kHz, derating must be applied to the nominal drive current in accordance with the curves on pages 23 and 24.

# **Drive ratings**

#### **Powers in HP**

#### Three-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 200...240 V

Motor	Line supply	(input)		Drive (output)			Altivar 71	
Power indicated on plate (1)	Line current	(2)	Max. prospective line Isc (4)	Apparent power	Max. available nominal current In (1)	Max. tra current		Catalog number (3)
	at 200 V	at 240 V	<del></del>			60 s	2 s	
HP	Α	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	Α	
75	202	176	35	71	221	332	365	ATV71HD55M3X(5)
100	274	237	35	95	285	428	470	ATV71HD75M3X(5)

### Three-phase supply voltage: 460...480 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 460 V

Motor	Line supply (inp	out)		Drive (output	:)		Altivar 71
Power indicated on plate (1)	Line current (2)	Max. prospective line Isc (4)	Apparent power	Max. available nominal current In (1)	Max. transient current (1) for		Catalog number (3)
	at 460 V				60 s	2 s	
HP	Α	kA	kVA	Α	Α	Α	
125	143	35	114	179	268	295	ATV71HD90N4(5)
150	173	35	138	215	322	354	ATV71HC11N4(5)
200	225	35	179	259	388	427	ATV71HC13N4(5)
250	281	50	224	314	471	518	ATV71HC16N4(5)
300	333	50	265	387	580	638	ATV71HC20N4(5)
350	394	50	314	481	721	793	ATV71HC25N4(5)
400	442	50	352				
450	494	50	394	550	825	907	ATV71HC28N4(5)
500	547	50	436	616	924	1016	ATV71HC31N4(5)
550	614	50	489	759	1138	1252	ATV71HC40N4(5)
600	660	50	526				
700	761	50	606	941	1411	1552	ATV71HC50N4(5)

<sup>(1)</sup> These power ratings and currents are given for an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F) at the factory-set switching frequency of 2.5 kHz, used in continuous operation.

- (2) Typical value for the indicated motor power, with a standard 4-pole motor on a line supply with the indicated "Max. prospective line Isc".
- (3) The drives are supplied as standard with a DC choke, which must be used when connecting a drive to the three-phase supply. For connections to the DC bus, drives can be ordered without a DC choke by adding D at the end of the catalog number. For example, ATV 71HD90N4 becomes ATV 71HD90N4D.
- (4) If the drive is installed on a line supply with a prospective short-circuit current that is higher than the value given in this column, use line chokes (please refer to the catalog).
- (5) Drives with the extension 383 are intended for use with synchronous motors.

Above 2.5 kHz, the drive will reduce the switching frequency automatically in the event of excessive temperature rise. For continuous operation above 2.5 kHz, derating must be applied to the nominal drive current in accordance with the curves on pages 23 and 24.

# **Drive ratings**

### Powers in kW and HP

#### Three-phase supply voltage: 500...690 V 50/60 Hz

Three-phase motor 500..690 V

Motor			Line sup	Line supply (input)			Drive (or	utput)		Altivar 71
Power in	er indicated on plate (1)		Max. line	Max. line current (2)		Max. prospective line Isc	Max. ava	ilable current In (	1)	Catalog number (3)(4)
500 V	575 V	690 V	at 500 V	at 600 V	at 690 V	<del>_</del> ;	500 V	575 V	690 V	
kW	HP	kW	Α	Α	Α	kA	Α	Α	Α	
90	125	110	128	113	117	28	136	125	125	ATV71HC11Y
110	150	132	153	133	137	28	165	150	150	ATV71HC13Y
132	-	160	182	-	163	35	200	-	180	ATV71HC16Y
160	200	200	227	204	212	35	240	220	200	ATV71HC20Y
200	250	250	277	249	256	35	312	290	290	ATV71HC25Y
250	350	315	342	311	317	35	390	355	355	ATV71HC31Y
315	450	400	439	401	409	35	462	420	420	ATV71HC40Y
400	550	500	544	491	498	35	590	543	543	ATV71HC50Y
500	700	630	673	613	616	42	740	675	675	ATV71HC63Y

<sup>(1)</sup> These power ratings and currents are given for an ambient temperature of 50°C (122°F) at the factory-set switching frequency of 2.5 kHz, used in continuous operation.

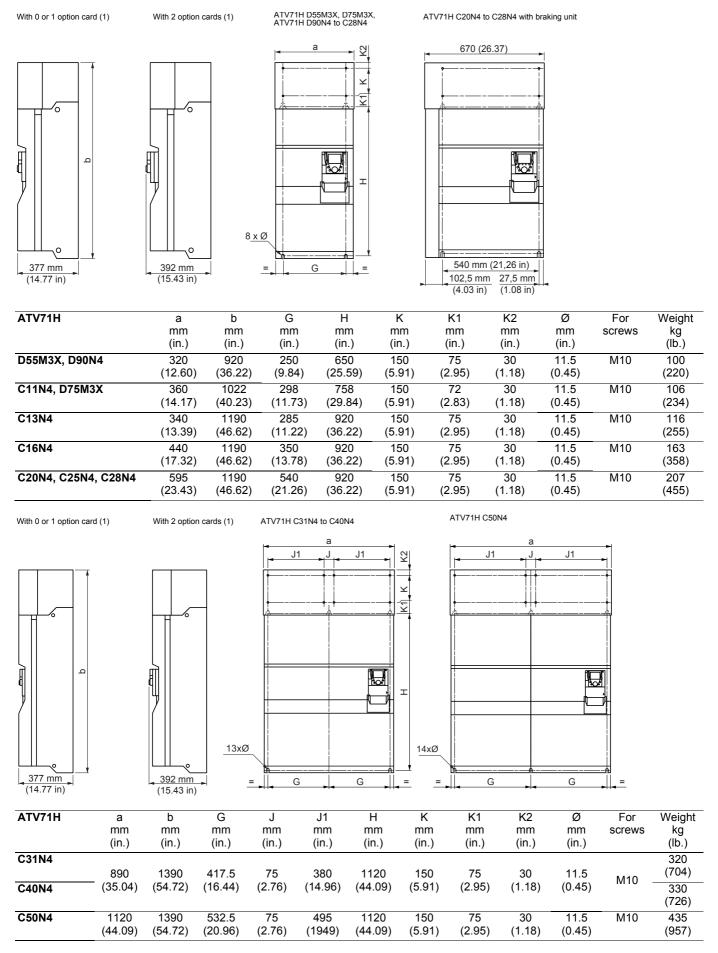
- (2) Typical value for the indicated motor power, with a standard 4-pole motor on a line supply with the indicated "Max. prospective line Isc".
- (3) The drives are supplied as standard with one or two transformers which must be used for the fan power supply.
- (4) The use of an AC choke, which must be ordered separately (please refer to the catalog), is mandatory on these drives if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).

#### Note

The maximum transient current for 60 s corresponds to 150% of the maximum nominal current In. The maximum transient current for 2 s corresponds to 165% of the maximum nominal current In.

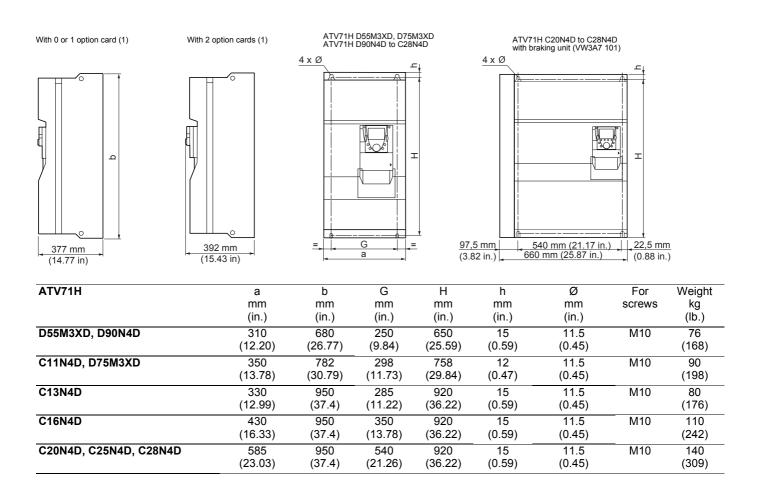
Above 2.5 kHz, the drive will reduce the switching frequency automatically in the event of excessive temperature rise. For continuous operation above 2.5 kHz, derating must be applied to the nominal drive current in accordance with the curves on pages 25 and 26.

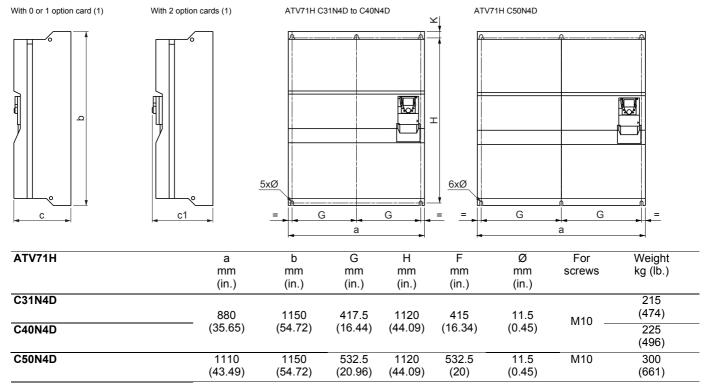
# **Dimensions and weights**



(1) For the addition of I/O extension cards, communication cards or the "Controller Inside" programmable card.

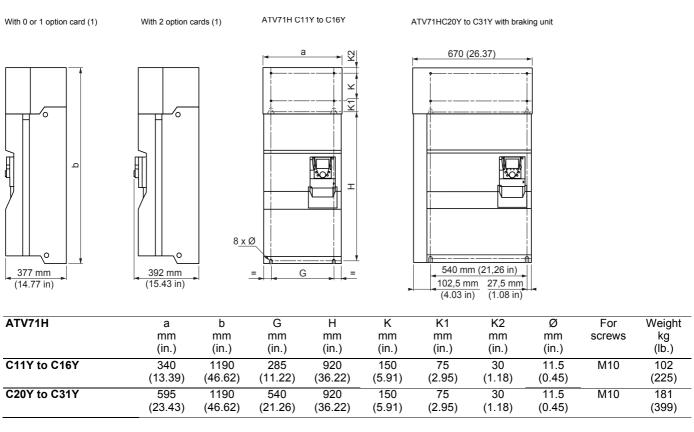
# **Dimensions and weights**

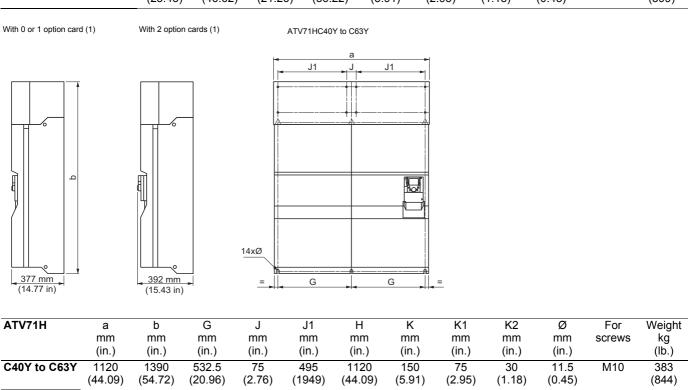




(1) For the addition of I/O extension cards, communication cards or the "Controller Inside" programmable card.

# **Dimensions and weights**





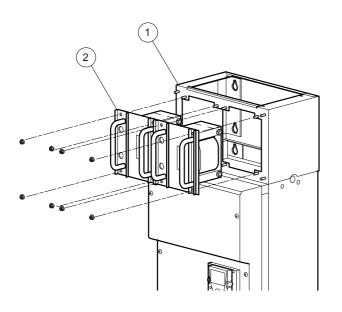
(1) For the addition of I/O extension cards, communication cards or the "Controller Inside" programmable card.

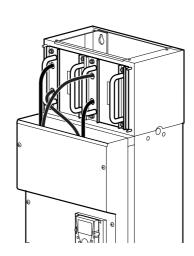
# Mounting the DC choke on the ●●●M3X and ATV71H●●●N4

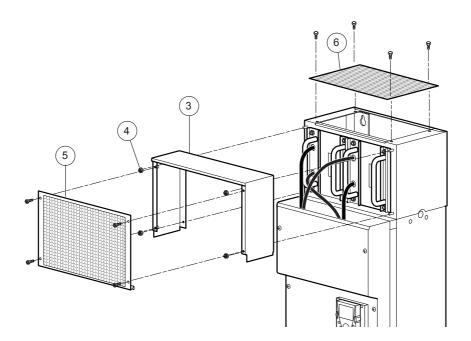
This should be performed after mounting the drive and before wiring it. If a VW3 A7 101 braking module is being used, install the module on the drive before mounting the DC choke.

During installation, ensure that no liquid, dust or conductive objects fall into the drive.

#### Example of mounting DC chokes on an ATV71HC16N4 drive







- Mount the DC choke chassis (1) on the wall, on top of the drive. Ensure that the chassis is tightly secured to the drive to maintain the IP54 seal of the ventilation duct.
- Then install the DC choke (2) on the chassis (1) using the nuts provided.
- Connect the choke between the PO and PA/+ terminals on the drive (see note and next page).
- Connect the grounding strip between the DC choke chassis (1) and the drive.
- Then mount the cover (3) on the chassis and secure it with the nuts (4) provided. Then mount panels (5) and (6) using the screws provided.

Once the choke has been installed, the degree of protection of the top the drive is IP31.

Note: The number of DC chokes supplied with the drive varies according to the drive rating.

# Connecting the DC choke on ATV71HeeeM3X and ATV71HeeeN4 drives

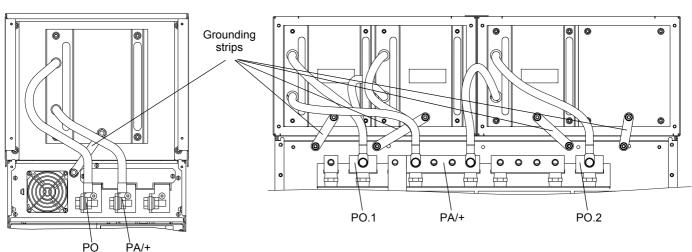
Between 1 and 4 chokes can be connected in parallel as described in the following examples.

#### Table of drive/choke combinations

Drive	Number of chokes in parallel	Choke model
ATV71HD55M3X	1	DC-CHOKE 5
ATV71HD75M3X	1	DC-CHOKE 6
ATV71HD90N4	1	DC-CHOKE 1
ATV71HC11N4	1	DC-CHOKE 2
ATV71HC13N4	1	DC-CHOKE 4
ATV71HC16N4	2	DC-CHOKE 1
ATV71HC20N4	2	DC-CHOKE 3
ATV71HC25N4, C28N4	2	DC-CHOKE 4
ATV71HC31N4	3	DC-CHOKE 3
ATV71HC40N4	4	DC-CHOKE 2
ATV71HC50N4	4	DC-CHOKE 7

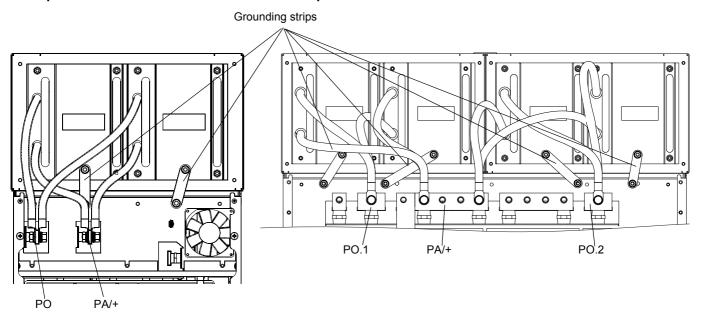
Example 1: ATV71H D55M3X ... D75M3X, ATV71H D90N4 ... C13N4

Example 3: ATV71HC31N4



Example 2: ATV71H C16N4 ... C28N4

Example 4: ATV71H C40N4 ... C50N4

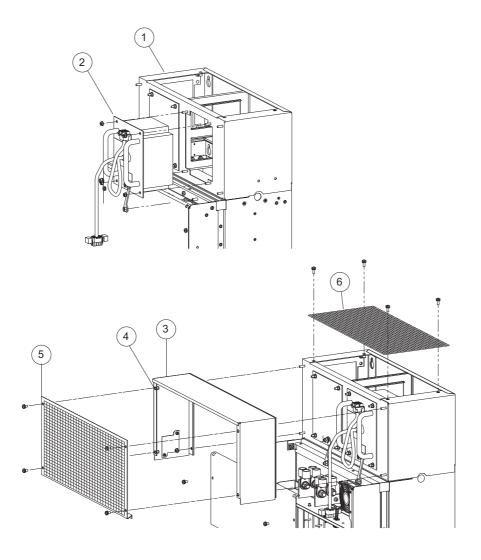


# Mounting the transformer(s) on ATV71H●●●Y drives

This should be performed after mounting the drive and before wiring it.

During installation, ensure that no liquid, dust or conductive objects fall into the drive.

#### Example of mounting a transformer on an ATV71HC20Y drive



- Mount the transformer chassis ① on the wall, on top of the drive. Ensure that the chassis is tightly secured to the drive to maintain the IP54 seal of the ventilation duct.
- Then mount the transformer (2) on the chassis (1) using the nuts provided.
- Connect the transformer connector on the drive (see next page).
- Connect the grounding strips between the transformer chassis 1 and the drive.
- Then mount the cover 3 on the chassis and secure it with the nuts 4 provided.
- Then mount panels (5) and (6) using the screws provided.

Once the transformer has been installed, the degree of protection of the top the drive is IP31.

#### Location of transformers:

ATV71 HC11Y to HC16Y: One transformer

ATV71 HC20Y to HC31Y: One transformer

ATV71 HC40Y to HC63Y: Two transformers

# Connecting the transformer(s) on ATV71H•••Y drives

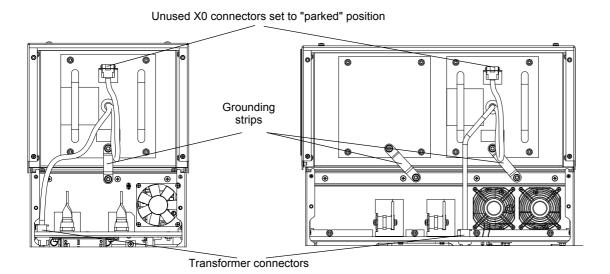
1 to 2 chokes can be connected as described in the following examples.

#### Table of drive/transformer combinations

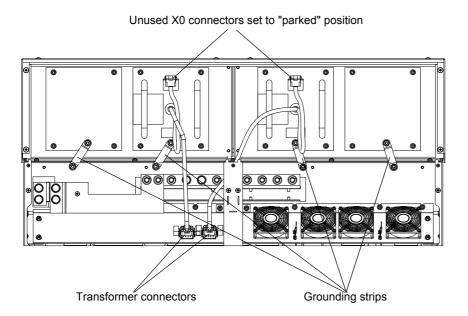
Drive	Number of transformers
ATV71HC11Y to HC16Y	1
ATV71HC20Y to HC31Y	1
ATV71HC40Y to HC63Y	2

Example 1: ATV71H C11Y ... C16Y

Example 2: ATV71H C20Y ... C31Y



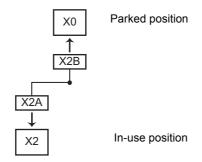
Example 3: ATV71H C40Y ... C63Y



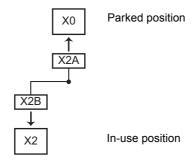
# Connecting the transformer(s) on ATV71H•••Y drives

Each transformer features one 500 V/600 V connector and one 690 V connector. Connect the connector appropriate for the line supply (see above). Set the unused connector to the parked position.

#### Connection of a transformer (500 V/50 Hz or 600 V/60 Hz line): Use X2A.



### Connection of a transformer (690 V/50 Hz line): Use X2B.



ATV71HC40Y to ATV71HC63Y drives feature 2 transformers. Make this connection for each transformer.

# **A** CAUTION

### **IMPROPER WIRING PRACTICES**

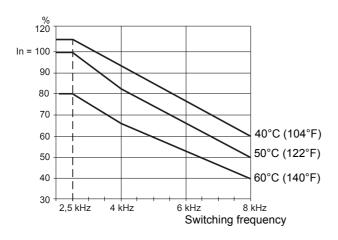
Making a connection inappropriate for the line voltage will damage the transformer(s) and the ATV71.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

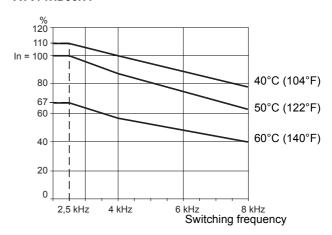
# Derating as a function of temperature and switching frequency

Derating curves for the drive current In as a function of temperature and switching frequency.

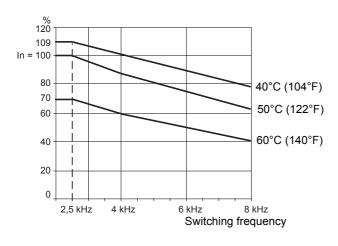
#### ATV71HD55M3X, HD75M3X



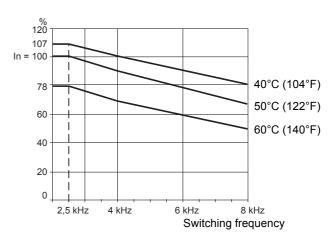
#### ATV71HD90N4



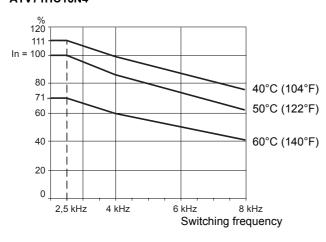
#### ATV71HC11N4



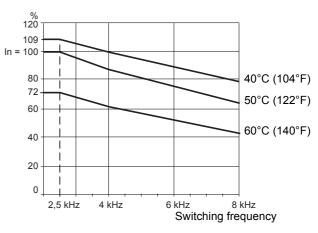
#### ATV71HC13N4



#### ATV71HC16N4



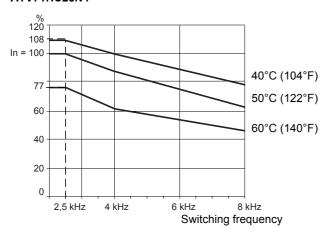
#### ATV71HC20N4



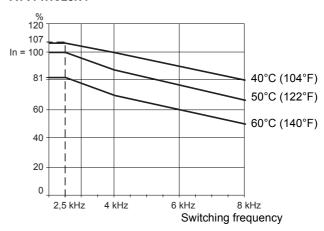
For intermediate temperatures (e.g., 55°C (131°F)), interpolate between two curves.

# Derating as a function of temperature and switching frequency

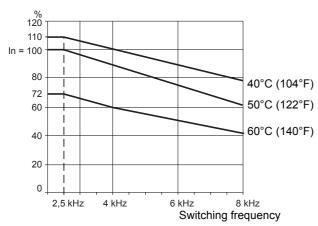
#### ATV71HC25N4



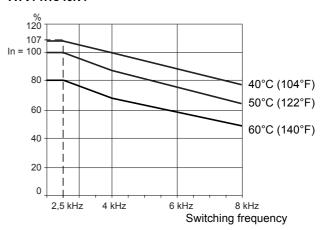
#### ATV71HC28N4



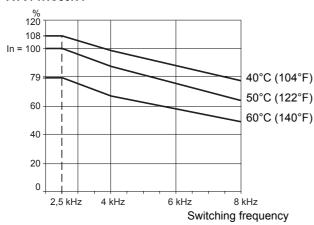
#### ATV71HC31N4



#### ATV71HC40N4

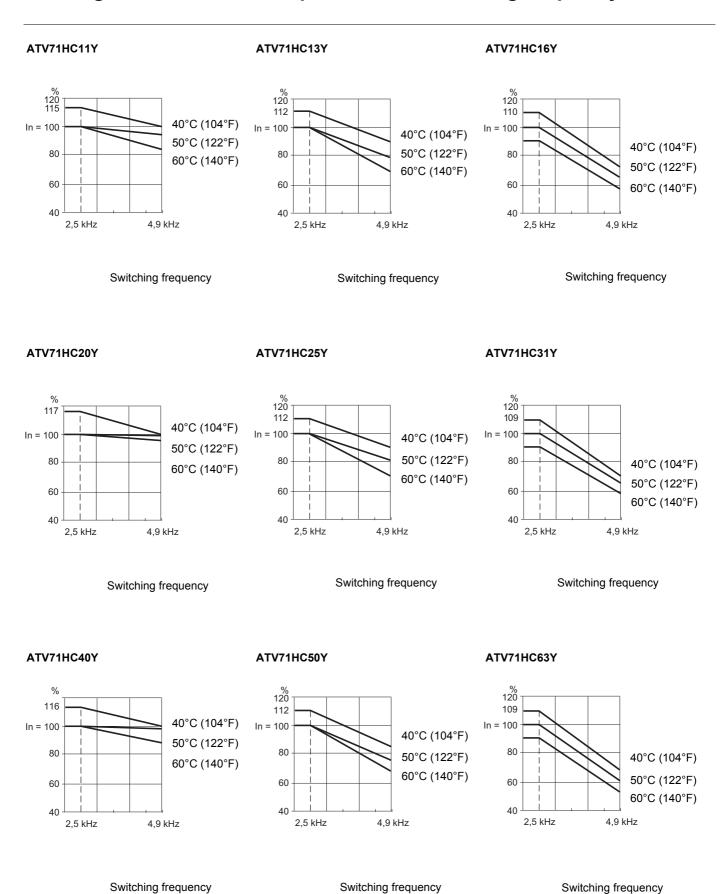


#### ATV71HC50N4



For intermediate temperatures (e.g., 55°C (131°F)), interpolate between two curves.

# Derating as a function of temperature and switching frequency



For intermediate temperatures (e.g., 55°C (131°F)), interpolate between two curves.

# Mounting in a wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure

Install the drive vertically at ± 10°. Do not place it close to heating elements.

### Mounting with the heatsink inside the enclosure

The power dissipated by the drive power components is given in the table below.

#### Dissipated power

These levels of power dissipation are given for operation at nominal load and for a switching frequency of 2.5 kHz.

ATV71H	Dissipated
	power
	W
D55M3X	1715
D75M3X	2204
D90N4	2403
C11N4	2726
C13N4	3191
C16N4	3812

ATV71H	Dissipated power
	W
C20N4	4930
C25N4	5873
C28N4	6829
C31N4	7454
C40N4	9291
C50N4	11345

ATV71H	Dissipated power
	W
C11Y	2320
C13Y	2739
C16Y	3271
C20Y	4005
C25Y	5142
C31Y	6293

ATV71H	Dissipated
	power
	W
C40Y	7596
C50Y	9614
C63Y	11921

The drive has a fan for cooling the power components. The air is circulated from the bottom to the top of the unit via a duct (the duct is shown shaded gray in the diagram below). This duct is isolated from the control section by IP54 protection. The DC choke (ATV71HeeeM3X, ATV71HeeeN4) extends the duct while maintaining the IP54 protection.

The drive dissipates a great deal of power which must be evacuated to the outside of the enclosure.

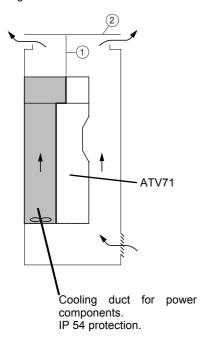
Air inlets and outlets must be provided to ensure that the flow of air in the enclosure is at least equal to the value given in the table below for each drive.

ATV71H	Flow rate				
Alvilli	m <sup>3</sup> /hour	ft <sup>3</sup> /min			
D55M3X, D90N4	402	236			
D75M3X, C11N4	774	455			
C13N4	745	438			
C16N4	860	506			
C20N4, C25N4, C28N4	1260	742			
C31N4, C40N4	2100	1236			
C50N4	2400	1412			

ATV71H	Flow rate			
Alvim	m <sup>3</sup> /hour	ft <sup>3</sup> /min		
C11Y, C13Y, C16Y	600	353		
C20Y, C25Y, C31Y	1200	706		
C40Y, C50Y, C63Y	2400	1412		

Several methods of evacuation are possible. The following is a proposed method for IP23 and IP54 mounting.

Figure 1



#### IP23 mounting (standard operating conditions):

#### Figure 1

Install the drive on an enclosure baseplate.

Install the DC choke (ATV71H $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ M3X, ATV71H $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ N4) or the transformer(s) (ATV71H $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ Y) in accordance with the mounting recommendations.

The simplest mounting method is to extend the IP54 duct between the upper outlet of the DC choke (or transformer) and the top of the enclosure ①. Fixing points are provided for this purpose on the top of the DC choke (or transformer).

The hot air is thus evacuated to the outside and does not contribute towards increasing the internal temperature of the enclosure.

It is advisable to add a plate ② approximately 150 mm from the top of the enclosure over the air outlet opening to prevent foreign bodies falling into the drive cooling duct.

The air inlet can be via a grille on the bottom front panel of the enclosure door, in accordance with the required flow rates given in the above table.

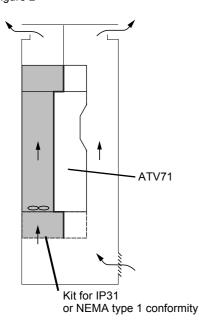
#### Note:

- If the air in the power circuit is totally evacuated to the outside, very little power is dissipated inside the enclosure. In this case, use the dissipated power table for dust and damp proof flange mounting (see the next page).
- Connect all the additional metal parts to ground via grounding strips.

# Mounting in a wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure

### Mounting the heatsink inside the enclosure (continued)

Figure 2



#### IP23 mounting (standard operating conditions, continued):

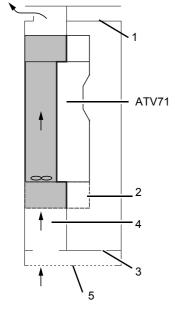
#### Figure 2

It is advisable to use a kit for IP31/NEMA type 1 conformity (to be ordered as an option) for attaching the power cables. The design of the IP31 kit is based on the same principle as the DC choke, and has an IP54 duct to help guide the incoming air.

#### Note:

- If the air in the power circuit is totally evacuated to the outside, very little power is dissipated inside the enclosure. In this case, use the dissipated power table for dust and damp proof flange mounting (see below).
- Connect all the additional metal parts to ground via grounding strips.

Figure 3



#### IP54 mounting (standard operating conditions):

The drive must be mounted in an IP54 enclosure in certain environmental conditions: dust, corrosive gases, high humidity with risk of condensation and dripping water, splashing liquid, etc.

The simplest way of obtaining an enclosure with IP54 protection is to follow the mounting recommendations for IP23 protection with the following additional points (Figure 3):

- **1** Do not make an air outlet hole for the control section. Do not make an air inlet hole in the enclosure door. In the power section, the air will enter through the bottom of the enclosure via a plinth added for this purpose.
- 2 Add the IP31 or NEMA type 1 conformity kit in accordance with the mounting instructions.
- 3 Add an enclosure baseplate designed to provide IP54 protection around the power cables.
- 4 Add an air evacuation duct between the baseplate and the duct of the IP31 or NEMA type 1 conformity kit. The IP31 or NEMA type 1 conformity kit enables an extension duct to be mounted. Drill a hole in the base of the enclosure to allow air to enter. Place seals around the duct that has been added to maintain IP54 protection.
- 5 Add a 200 mm plinth at the bottom of the enclosure with grilles to allow air to enter.
- 6 Use the dissipated power table below to calculate the enclosure dimensions.

Note: Connect all the additional metal parts to ground via grounding strips.

#### Power dissipated by the control section inside the enclosure (for calculating the enclosure dimensions)

These levels of power dissipation are given for operation at nominal load and for the factory-set switching frequency.

ATV71H	Dissipated power (1)
	W
D55M3X	154
D75M3X	154
D90N4	237
C11N4	261
C13N4	296
C16N4	350

ATV71H	Dissipated power (1)
	W
C20N4	493
C25N4	586
C28N4	658
C31N4	772
C40N4	935
C50N4	1116

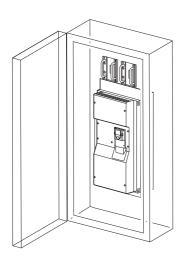
ATV71H	Dissipated power (1)
C11Y	W 169
C13Y	179
C16Y C20Y	196 267
C25Y	311
C31Y	363

ATV71H	Dissipated
	power (1)
	W
C40Y	471
C50Y	554
C63Y	658

(1)Add 7 W to this value for each option card added

# Mounting in a wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure

### Dust and damp proof flange mounting (heatsink outside the enclosure)



This mounting is used to reduce the power dissipated in the enclosure by locating the power section outside the enclosure.

This requires the use of a dust and damp proof flange mounting kit VW3A9509...517 (please refer to the catalog).

The degree of protection of drives mounted in this way becomes IP54.

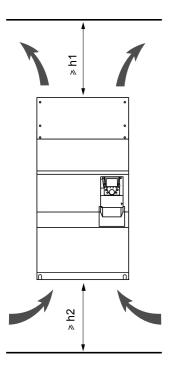
To install the kit on the drive, please refer to the manual supplied with the kit.

Check that the back of the enclosure is strong enough to support the weight of the drive.

Use the dissipated power table on the previous page to calculate the enclosure dimensions.

In this case the DC choke (ATV71HeeeM3X, ATV71HeeeN4) or transformer (ATV71HeeeY) can be mounted directly on the back of the enclosure.

If the hot air exiting the drive is not ducted and evacuated to the outside, it risks being sucked back in, rendering the ventilation totally ineffective. In order to avoid this, it is important to leave enough free space around the drive, as indicated below. The enclosure must be cooled in order to evacuate the dissipated heat.



ATV71H	h1		h2	
	mm	in.	mm	in.
D55M3X, D75M3X, D90N4	100	3.94	100	3.94
C11N4 C16N4, C11Y C16Y	150	5.90	150	5.90
C20N4 C28N4, C20Y C31Y	200	7.87	150	5.90
C31N4 C40N4	300	11.81	250	9.84
C50N4, C40Y C63Y	400	15.75	250	9.84

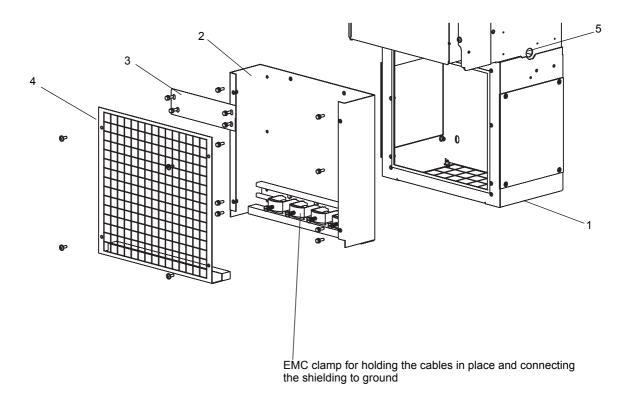
Free space in front of the drive: 10 mm (0.39 in.), minimum

# Installing the kit for IP31/NEMA type 1 conformity

On ATV71H D55M3X to D75M3X and D90N4 to C50N4 and C11Y to C63Y drives, cable shielding can be attached and connected to ground using one of the following two kits:

- Kit for IP31 conformity (VW3 A9 109 ... 116)
- Kit for NEMA type 1 conformity (VW3 A9 209 ... 214)

This kit is not supplied with the drive. It must be ordered separately (please refer to the catalog). It is mounted under the drive as shown below.

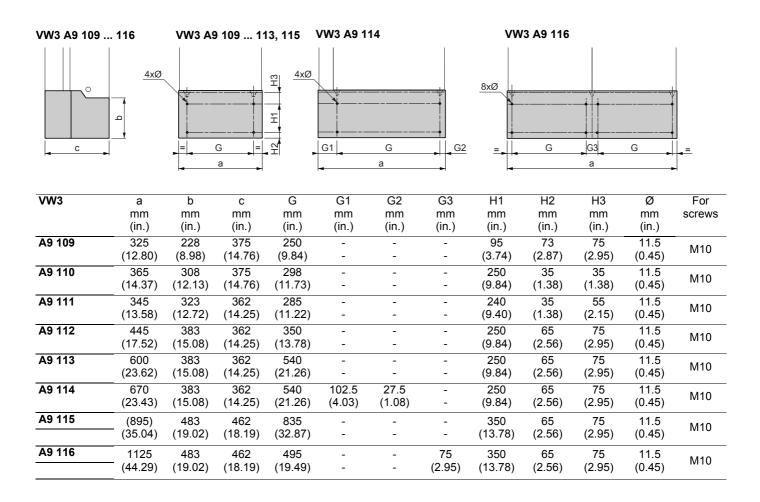


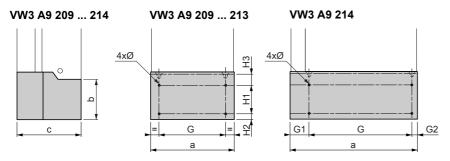
- Mount the chassis ① on the wall or the back of the enclosure under the drive. Ensure that the chassis is tightly secured to the drive to maintain the IP54 seal of the ventilation duct. To do this, slot the 2 locking flanges into the drive transport holes ⑤.
- Mount the EMC plate (2) on the kit chassis using the screws provided.
- Mount the bridge (3) to ensure equipotentiality of the grounds between the drive and the EMC plate.
- Then mount the IP31 or NEMA type 1 cover (4) on the EMC plate using the screws provided.

#### Note:

This kit can be used to simplify guiding the inlet air. It is supplied with a seal to provide IP54 sealing for the duct to the drive. Close the drive transport holes (5) with the plastic plugs provided.

# Installing the kit for IP31/NEMA type 1 conformity



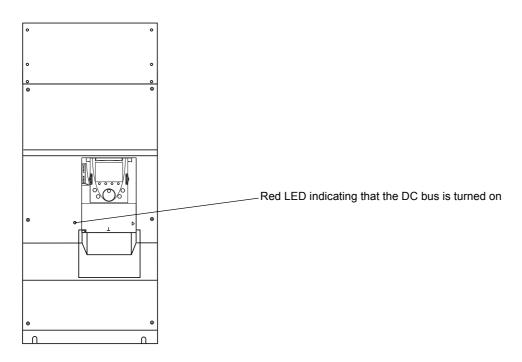


а	b	С	G	G1	G2	G3	H1	H2	H3	Ø	For
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	screws
(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	
325	228	375	250	-	-	-	95	73	75	11.5	M10
(12.80)	(8.98)	(14.76)	(9.84)	-	-	-	(3.74)	(2.87)	(2.95)	(0.45)	
365	308	375	298	-	-	-	250	35	35	11.5	M10
(14.37)	(12.13)	(14.76)	(11.73)	-	-	-	(9.84)	(1.38)	(1.38)	(0.45)	
345	323	375	285	-	-	-	240	35	55	11.5	M10
(13.58)	(12.72)	(14.76)	(11.22)	-	-	-	(9.40)	(1.37)	(2.15)	(0.45)	
445	383	429	350	-	-	-	250	65	75	11.5	M10
(17.52)	(15.08)	(16.89)	(13.78)	-	-	-	(9.84)	(2.56)	(2.95)	(0.45)	IVITO
600	383	475	540	-	-	-	250	65	75	11.5	N440
(23.62)	(15.08)	(18.70)	(21.26)	-	-	-	(9.84)	(2.56)	(2.95)	(0.45)	M10
670	383	475	540	102.5	27.5	-	250	65	75	11.5	M10
(23.43)	(15.08)	(18.70)	(21.26)	(4.03)	(1.08)	-	(9.84)	(2.56)	(2.95)	(0.45)	
	mm (in.) 325 (12.80) 365 (14.37) 345 (13.58) 445 (17.52) 600 (23.62) 670	mm (in.) (in.)  325 228 (12.80) (8.98)  365 308 (14.37) (12.13)  345 323 (13.58) (12.72)  445 383 (17.52) (15.08)  600 383 (23.62) (15.08)  670 383	mm (in.)         mm (in.) (in.)         mm (in.)           325         228         375           (12.80)         (8.98)         (14.76)           365         308         375           (14.37)         (12.13)         (14.76)           345         323         375           (13.58)         (12.72)         (14.76)           445         383         429           (17.52)         (15.08)         (16.89)           600         383         475           (23.62)         (15.08)         (18.70)           670         383         475	mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)           325         228         375         250           (12.80)         (8.98)         (14.76)         (9.84)           365         308         375         298           (14.37)         (12.13)         (14.76)         (11.73)           345         323         375         285           (13.58)         (12.72)         (14.76)         (11.22)           445         383         429         350           (17.52)         (15.08)         (16.89)         (13.78)           600         383         475         540           (23.62)         (15.08)         (18.70)         (21.26)           670         383         475         540	mm (in.)         (i	mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm <td>mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)           325         228         375         250         -</td> <td>mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm mm</td> <td>mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm</td> <td>mm         mm         mm&lt;</td> <td>mm         mm         mm&lt;</td>	mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)           325         228         375         250         -	mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm mm (in.)         mm (in.)         mm	mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm mm (in.)         mm         mm	mm         mm<	mm         mm<

# Position of the charging LED

Before working on the drive, switch it off, wait until the red capacitor charging LED has gone out, then measure the DC bus voltage.

#### Position of the capacitor charging LED



### Procedure for measuring the DC voltage

# **A** DANGER

#### **HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE**

Read and understand the instructions on page  $\underline{5}$  before performing this procedure.

Failure to follow this instruction will result in death or serious injury.

The DC bus voltage can exceed 1,000 V  $\pm$ . Use a properly rated voltage sensing device when performing this procedure. To measure the DC bus voltage:

- 1 Disconnect the drive power supply.
- Wait for the capacitor charging LED to go off.
- 3 Measure the voltage of the DC bus between the PA/+ and PC/- terminals to check whether the voltage is less than 45 V ..... Please refer to page 36 for the arrangement of the power terminals.
- 4 If the DC bus capacitors have not discharged completely, contact your local Schneider Electric representative (do not repair or operate the drive).

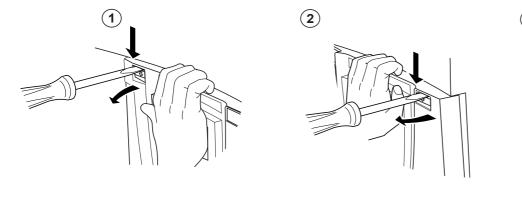
# Installing option cards

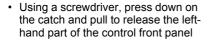
These should ideally be installed after mounting the drive and before wiring it.

Check that the red capacitor charging LED has gone out. Measure the DC bus voltage in accordance with the procedure described on

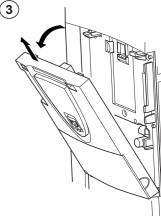
The option cards are installed under the drive control front panel. Remove the graphic display terminal then take off the control front panel as shown below.

### Removing the control front panel





Do the same on the right-hand side

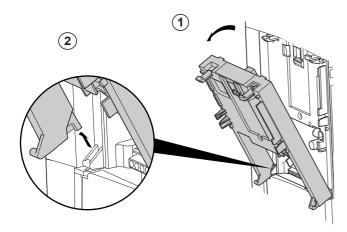


Pivot the control front panel and remove it

#### Removing the empty option card support



ATV71H D55M3X to D75M3X, ATV71H D90N4 to C50N4 and ATV71H C11Y to C63Y drives are supplied with empty an option card support already installed. If adding an I/O or communication option card or a "Controller Inside" programmable card, remove the support following the procedure described below. This card support serves no purpose when at least one option card is used.

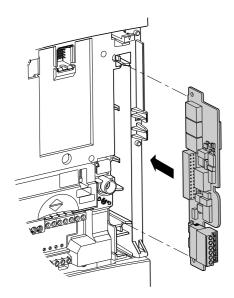


- (1) Open the empty option card support
- (2) Unhook the support from its clasps and remove it

# Installing option cards

#### Installing an encoder interface card

There is a special slot on the drive for adding an encoder interface card.





- First remove the empty option card support (if present), as described on the previous page, so you can access the slot for the encoder feedback card.
- If an I/O or communication option card or a "Controller Inside" programmable card has already been installed, remove it so you can access the slot for the encoder feedback card.
- Once you have installed the encoder interface card, replace the empty card support or any option cards.

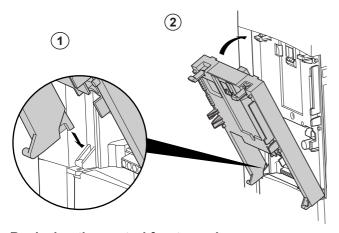
#### Installing an I/O extension card, a communication card or a "Controller Inside" programmable card

# **NOTICE**

#### **RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE CONNECTOR**

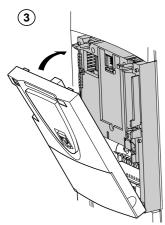
Ensure good positioning of the option card on the clasps to avoid damage to the connector.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.



- (1) Position the option card on the clasps
- (2) Pivot the card until it clicks into place

### Replacing the control front panel



(3) Replace the control front panel on the option card (same procedure as for installing the option card, see (1) and (2))

### Wiring recommendations

#### Power

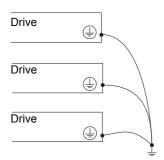
The drive must be connected to the protective ground. To comply with current regulations concerning high leakage currents (above 3.5 mA), use at least a 10 mm² (AWG 6) protective conductor or 2 protective conductors with the same cross-section as the power section AC supply conductors.

### **A** DANGER

#### **HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE**

Ground equipment using the ground connecting point provided as illustrated. The drive panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



- · Check whether the resistance to the protective ground is one ohm or less.
- If several drives need to be connected to the protective ground, each one must be connected directly to this ground as illustrated opposite.



### **WARNING**

#### **IMPROPER WIRING PRACTICES**

- Applying input line voltage to the output terminals (U/T1,V/T2,W/T3) will damage the ATV71.
- · Check the power connections before powering up the ATV71 drive.
- If replacing another drive, verify that all wiring connections to the ATV71 drive comply with all wiring instructions in this manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

When upstream protection by means of a "residual current device" is required by installation standards, a type A device should be used for single-phase drives and type B for three-phase drives. Choose a suitable model integrating:

- HF current filtering
- A time delay which prevents tripping caused by the load from stray capacitance on power-up. A time delay is not possible for 30 mA devices. In this case, choose devices with immunity against nuisance tripping, for example, "residual current devices" with reinforced immunity from the s.i range (Merlin Gerin brand).

If the installation includes several drives, provide one "residual current device" per drive.



### **WARNING**

### **INADEQUATE OVERCURRENT PROTECTION**

- Overcurrent protective devices must be properly coordinated.
- The Canadian Electricity Code and the National Electrical Code require branch circuit protection. Use the fuses recommended on the drive nameplate to achieve published short-circuit current ratings.
- Do not connect the drive to a line supply whose short-circuit capacity exceeds the maximum prospective short-circuit current listed in the tables on pages 12, 13 and 14.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

# Wiring recommendations

Keep the power cables separate from circuits in the installation with low-level signals (sensors, PLCs, measuring apparatus, video, telephone).

The motor cables must be at least 0.5 m (20 in.) long.

In certain applications involving the immersion of the cables in water, the earth leakage currents can cause tripping, making the addition of output filters necessary.

Do not use surge arresters or power factor correction capacitors on the variable speed drive output.

### **A** CAUTION

#### IMPROPER USE OF A BRAKING RESISTOR

- · Only use the braking resistance values recommended in our catalogs.
- Wire a thermal overload relay in the sequence or configure the braking resistor protection (please refer to the Programming Manual) so that the drive power section AC supply is disconnected in the event of a fault.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

#### Control

Keep the control circuits away from the power circuits. For control and speed reference circuits, we recommend using shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (0.98 and 1.97 in.) and connecting the shielding to ground at each end.

If using conduit, do not lay the motor, power supply and control cables in the same conduit. Keep the metal conduit containing the power supply cables at least 8 cm (3 in.) away from the metal conduit containing the control cables. Keep the non-metal conduits or cable ducts containing the power supply cables at least 31 cm (12 in.) away from the metal conduits containing the control cables. If it is necessary for control and power cables to cross each other, be sure they cross at right angles.

#### Length of motor cables

		0 (0 ft)	15 m (49.2 ft)	30 m (98.4 ft)	100 m (328 ft)	200 m (656 ft)	300 m (984 ft)	400 m (1,312 ft)	600 m (1,968 ft)
ATV71HeeeM3X ATV71H D90N4 to	Shielded cable				Motor choke		2 motor ch	nokes in series	
C50N4	Unshielded cable				Motor choke		2 motor chokes in series		
ATV71H C11Y to	Shielded cable		Please refe	r to the catal	og				
C63Y	Unshielded cable		Please refer to the catalog						

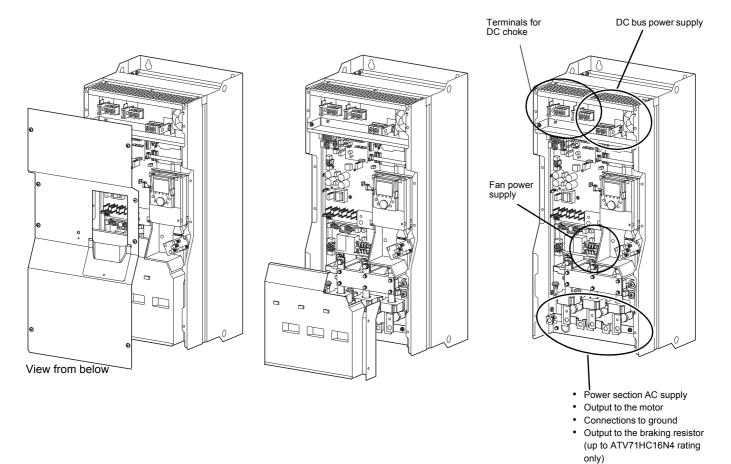
Note: On old-generation motors or those with poor insulation we recommend using a motor choke where the cable is more than 5 m (16.4 ft) long.

#### Choice of associated components:

Please refer to the catalog.

### Accessing the power terminals on ATV71HeeeM3X and ATV71HeeeN4 drives

To access the power terminals, unscrew the front panel and remove the protective cover.



### Characteristics and functions of the power terminals

Terminals	Function	Altivar
3 x 🛓	Protective ground connection terminals	All ratings
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 (1)	Power section AC supply	All ratings
РО	DC choke connection	ATV71H D55M3X, D75M3X ATV71H D90N4 to C28N4
PO.1, PO.2	DC choke connection	ATV71H C31N4 to C50N4
PA/+	DC bus + polarity and DC choke connection	All ratings
PC/-	DC bus - polarity	All ratings
PA	Output to the braking resistor	ATV71H D55M3X, D75M3X
РВ	Output to the braking resistor	ATV71H D90N4 to C16N4 (2)
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Output to the motor	All ratings
RO, SO, TO	Separate fan power supply when the drive is powered only by the DC bus	ATV71H D75M3X ATV71H C11N4 to C50N4
BU+, BU-	+ and - polarities to be connected to the braking unit	ATV71H C20N4 to C50N4
X20, X92, X3	Braking unit control cable connection	Please refer to the User's Manual for the braking unit.

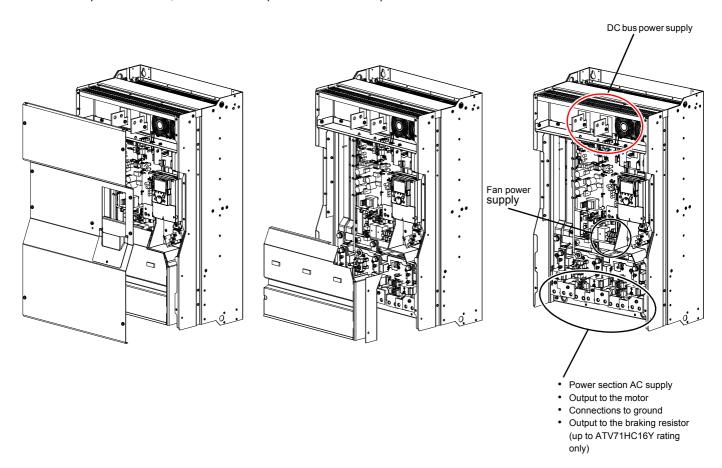
<sup>(1)</sup> The ATV71H C40N4 and C50N4 have two input bridges. The power section AC supply is connected on terminals

R/L1.1 - R/L1.2, S/L2.1 - S/L2.2 and T/L3.1 - T/L3.2.

(2) From the ATV71HC20N4 upwards, there are no braking resistor connection terminals on the drive as the braking unit is optional (please refer to the catalog). The braking resistor is connected on the braking unit.

#### Accessing the power terminals on ATV71HeeeY drives

To access the power terminals, unscrew the front panel and remove the protective cover.



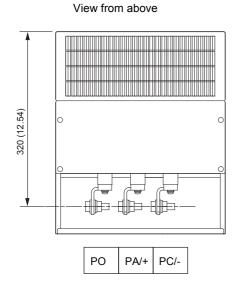
#### Characteristics and functions of the power terminals

Terminals	Function	Altivar
3 x ≟	Protective ground connection terminals	All ratings
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 (1)	Power section AC supply	All ratings
PA/+	DC bus + polarity	All ratings
PC/-	DC bus - polarity	All ratings
PA	Output to the braking resistor	ATV71H C11Y to C16Y (2)
PB	Output to the braking resistor	
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Output to the motor	All ratings
RO, SO, TO	Separate fan power supply when the drive is powered only by the DC bus	ATV71H C11Y to C63Y
BU+, BU-	+ and - polarities to be connected to the braking unit	ATV71H C20Y to C63Y
X20, X92, X3	Braking unit control cable connection	Please refer to the User's Manual for the braking unit.

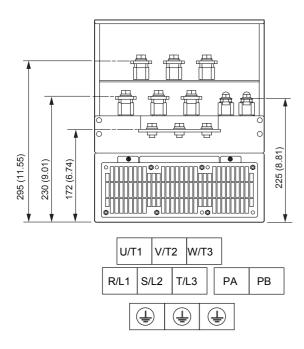
<sup>(1)</sup> ATV61H C40Y to C63Y drives have two input bridges. The power section AC supply is connected on terminals R/L1.1 - R/L1.2, S/L2.1 - S/L2.2 and T/L3.1 - T/L3.2.

<sup>(2)</sup> From the ATV71HC20Y upwards, there are no braking resistor connection terminals on the drive as the braking unit is optional (please refer to the catalog). The braking resistor is connected on the braking unit.

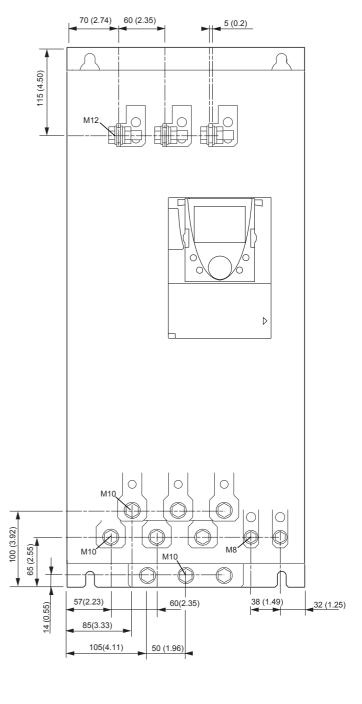
#### **ATV71H D55M3X, D90N4**



#### View from below



#### View from the front

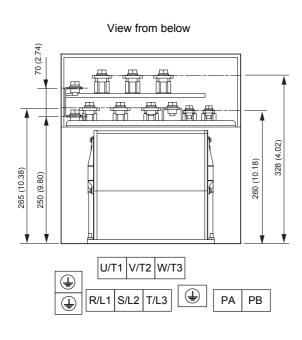


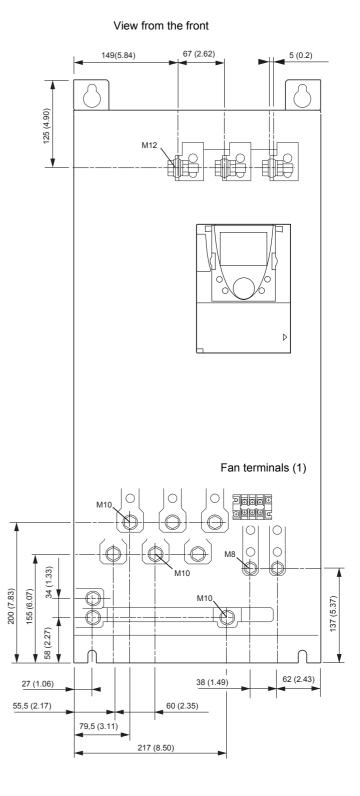
#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PO, PA/+	PA, PB
	2 x 100 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	2 x 100 mm <sup>2</sup> /41Nm	60 mm <sup>2</sup> /12 Nm
	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	2 x 250 MCM/360 lb.in	250 MCM/106 lb.in

#### **ATV71H D75M3X, C11N4**

# View from above PO PAV+ PC/-



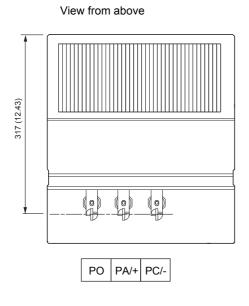


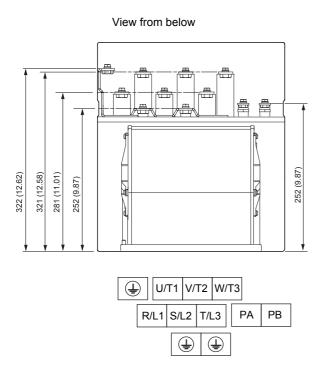
#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

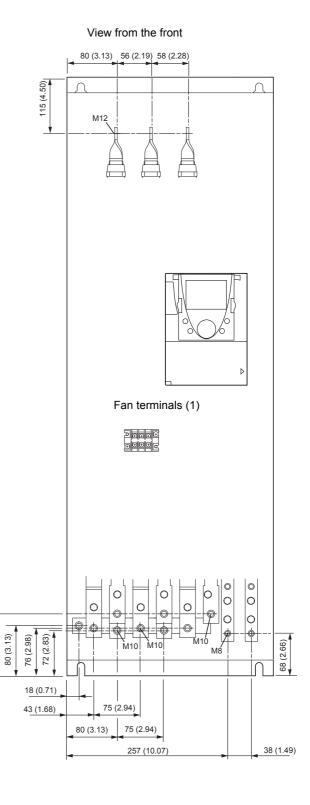
Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PO, PA/+	PA, PB	RO, SO, TO (1)
	2 x 100 mm <sup>2</sup> /24Nm	2 x 150 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	60 mm <sup>2</sup> /12 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	2 x 250 MCM/360 lb.in	250 MCM/106 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71HC13N4







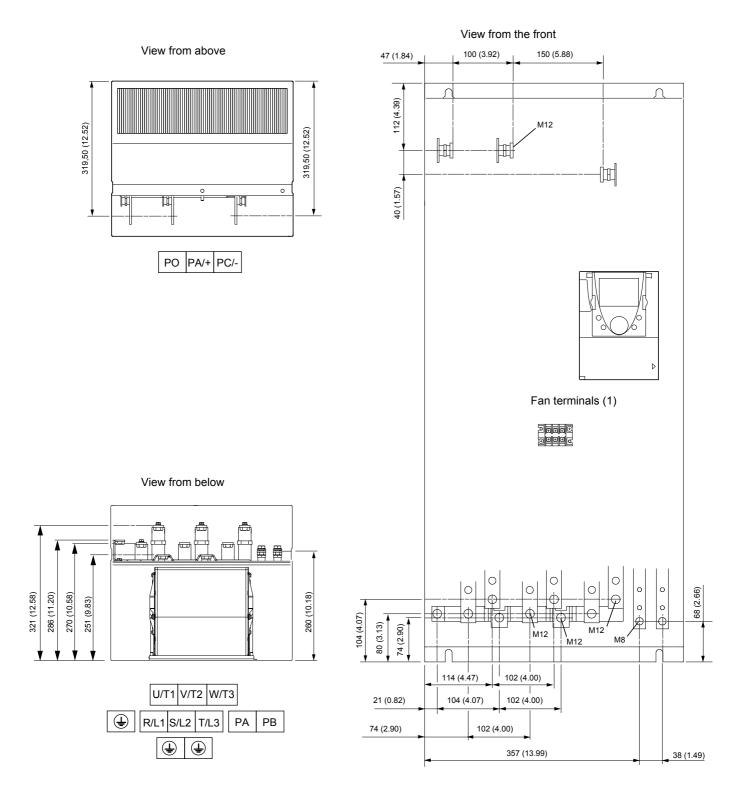
#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PO, PA/+	PA, PB	<b>RO</b> , <b>SO</b> , <b>TO</b> (1)
	2 x 120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	2 x 120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	250 MCM/212 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

99 (3.88)

<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71HC16N4



#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

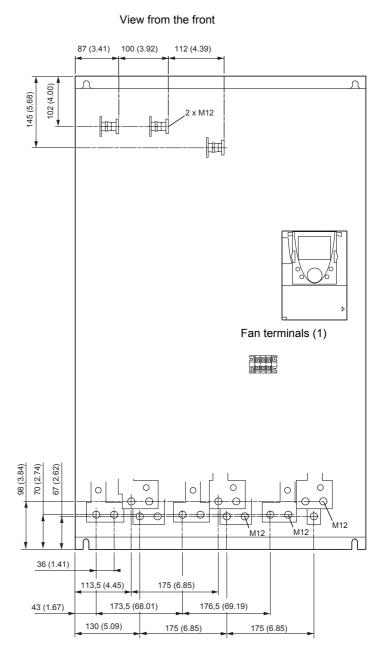
Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PO, PA/+	PA, PB	RO, SO, TO (1)
	2 x 150 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	2 x 150 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	2 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	2 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	250 MCM/212 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71H C20N4, C25N4, C28N4

# View from above (25.21) 09(6) E PO PA/+ PC/-

# View from below (28.6) 12.2 (18.6) 17.2 (

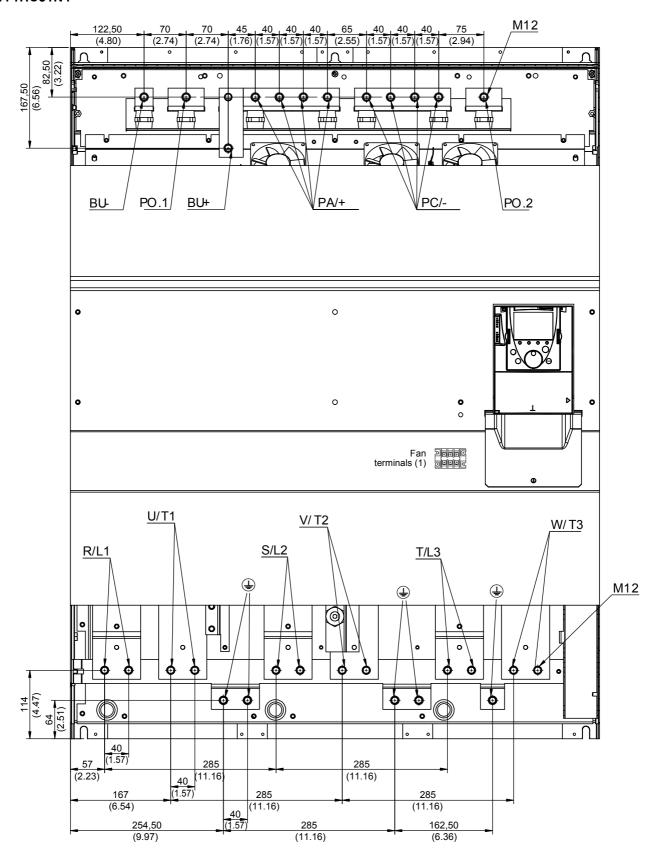


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

	• • •		
Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 PC/-, PO, PA/+		RO, SO, TO (1)
	4 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	4 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	3 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	3 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

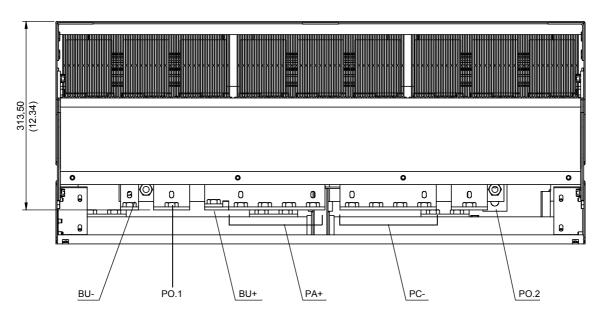
<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71HC31N4

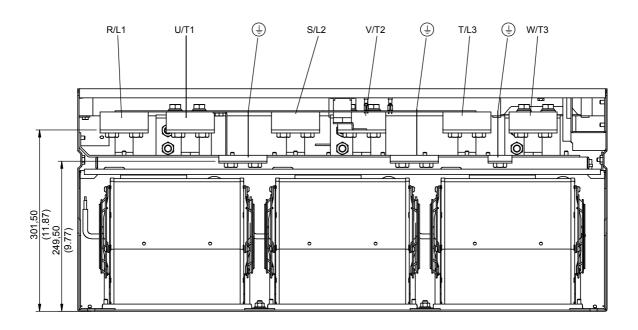


#### ATV71HC31N4

View from above



View from below

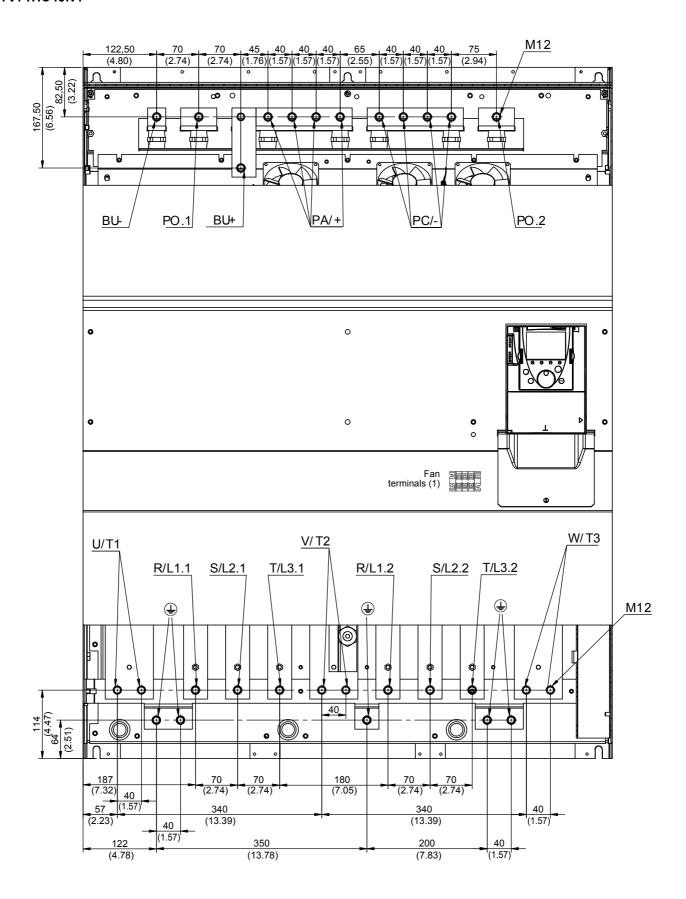


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PA/+	RO, SO, TO (1)
ATV 71HC31N4	4 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	8 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	4 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	4 x 500 MCM/360 lb. in	AWG 10/12 lb. in

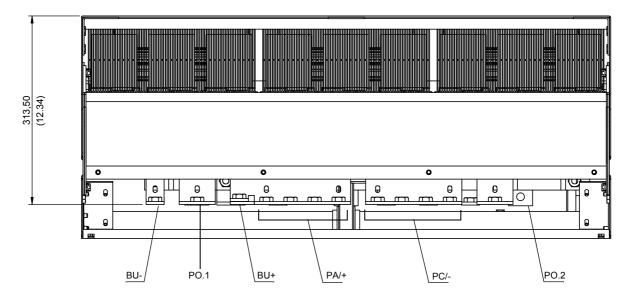
<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71HC40N4

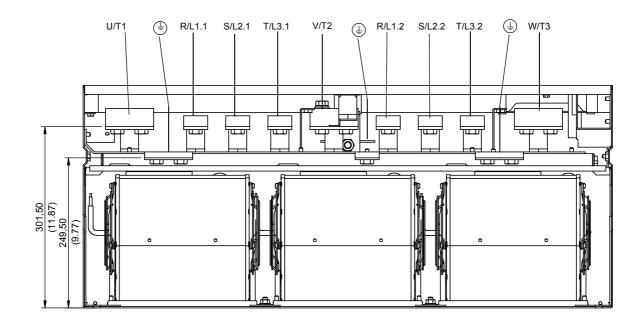


#### ATV71HC40N4

View from above



View from below

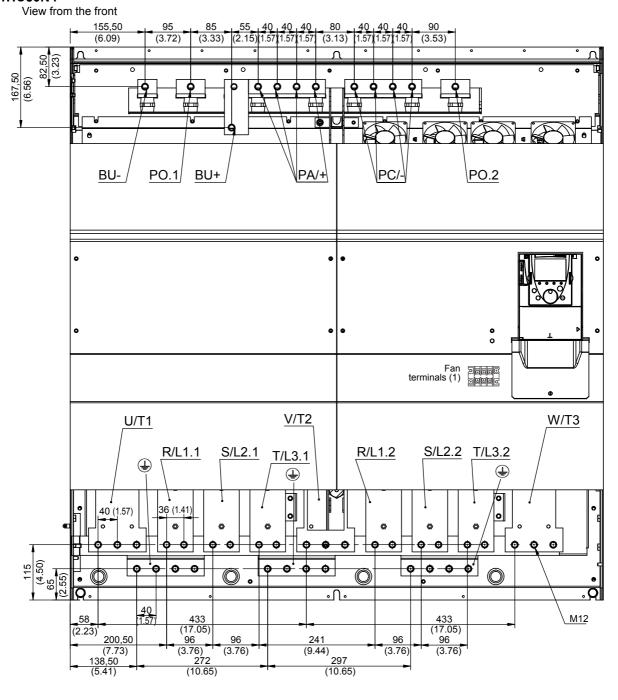


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

		•			
Drive terminals	R/L1.1, R/L1.2, S/L2.1, S/L2.2, T/L3.1, T/L3.2	U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PA/+	RO, SO, TO (1)	
ATV 71HC40N4	2 x 185 mm²/41 Nm	4 x 185 mm²/41 Nm	8 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm²/1.4 Nm	
	2 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	4 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	4 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in	

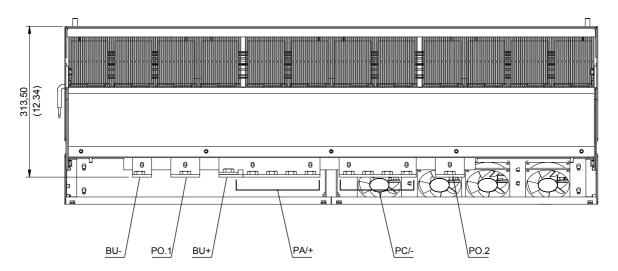
<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71HC50N4

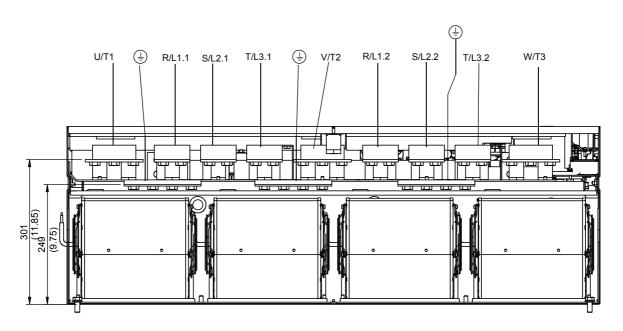


#### ATV71HC50N4

View from above



View from below

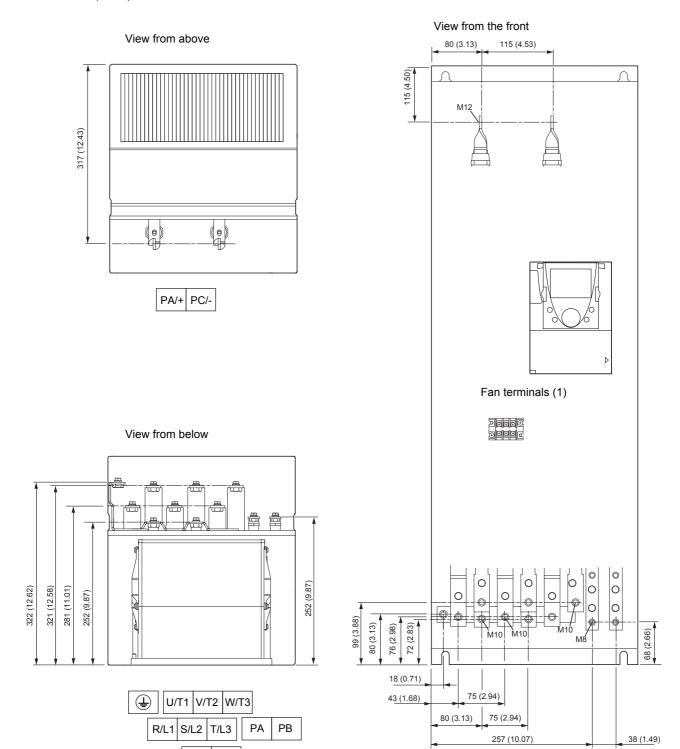


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	R/L1.1, R/L1.2, S/L2.1, S/L2.2, T/L3.1, T/L3.2	U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PA/+	RO, SO, TO (1)
ATV 71HC50N4	4 x 185 mm²/41 Nm	6 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	8 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	3 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	5 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	5 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71H C11Y, 13Y, 16Y

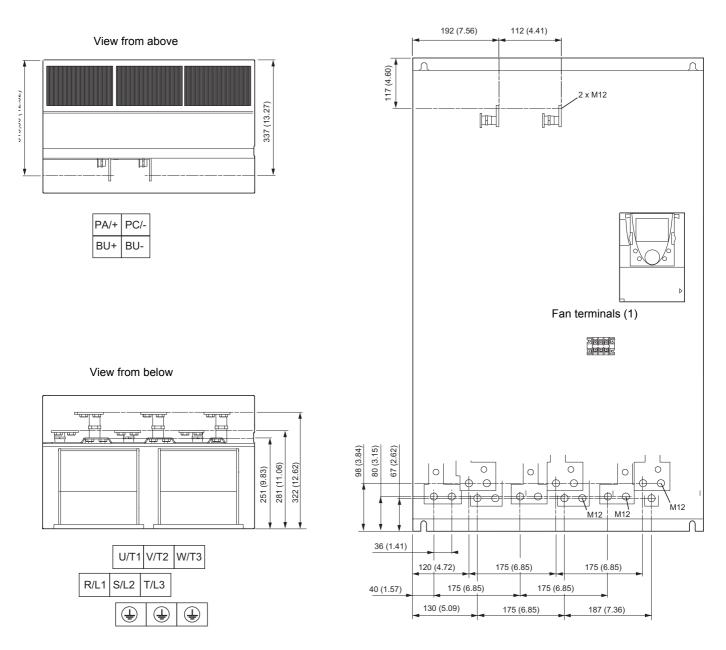


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PA/+	PA, PB	RO, SO, TO (1)
	2 x 120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	2 x 120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	120 mm <sup>2</sup> /24 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	2 x 250 MCM/212 lb.in	250 MCM/212 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### **ATV71H C20Y, C25Y, C31Y**

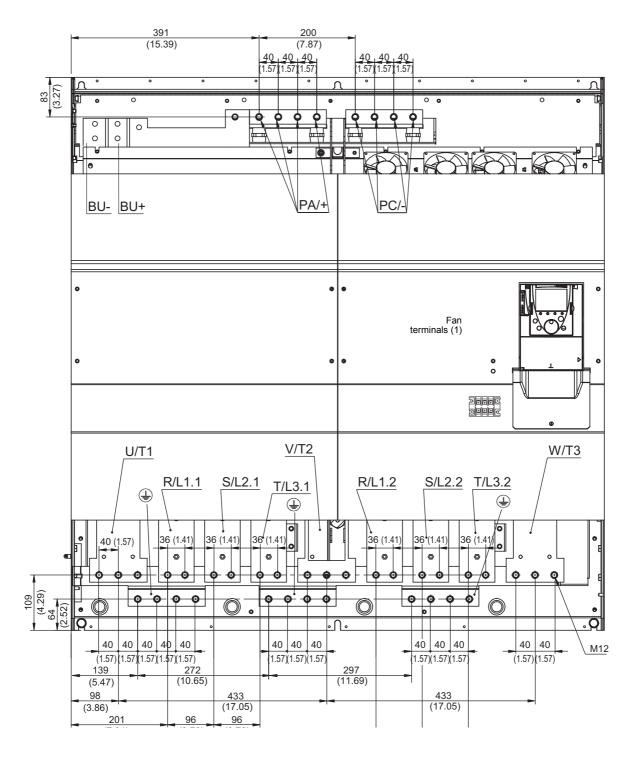


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals L1/R, L2/S, L3/T, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3		PC/-, PA/+	<b>RO, SO, TO</b> (1)
	4 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	4 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /1.4 Nm
	3 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	3 x 350 MCM/360 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

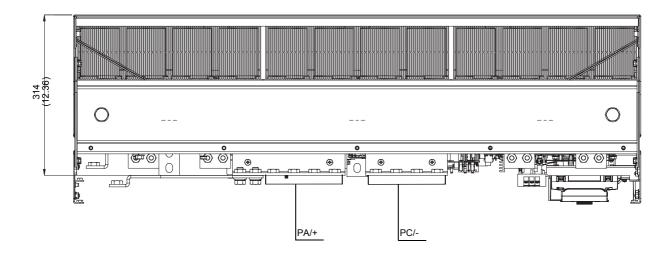
(1) Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### ATV71H C40Y, C50Y, C63Y

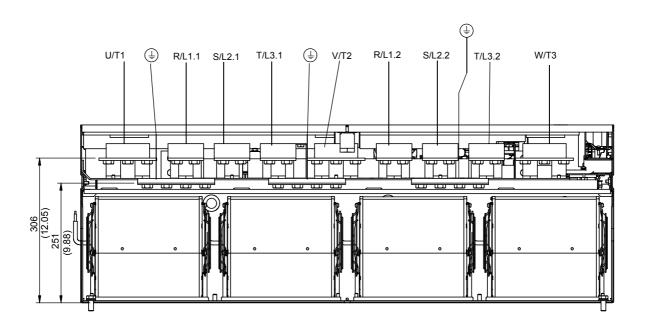


#### ATV71H C40Y, C50Y, C63Y

View from above



View from below

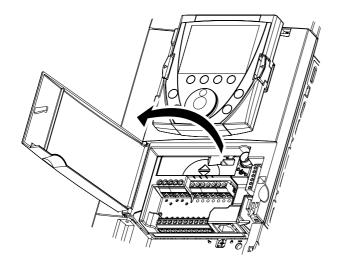


#### Maximum terminal wire size/tightening torque

Drive terminals	R/L1.1, R/L1.2, S/L2.1, S/L2.2, T/L3.1, T/L3.2	U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	PC/-, PA/+	RO, SO, TO (1)
	4 x 185 mm²/41 Nm	6 x 185 mm²/41 Nm	8 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup> /41 Nm	5.5 mm²/1.4 Nm
	3 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	5 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	5 x 500 MCM/360 lb.in	AWG 10/12 lb.in

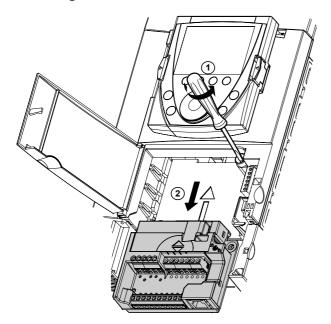
<sup>(1)</sup> Fan power supply, compulsory if the drive is powered only by the DC bus. Do not use if the drive is powered with a three-phase supply by L1/R, L2/S, L3/T.

#### Access to the control terminals



To access the control terminals, open the cover on the control front panel.

#### Removing the terminal card



To make it easier to wire the drive control section, the control terminal card can be removed.

- Undo the screw until the spring is fully extended.
- Remove the card by sliding it downwards.

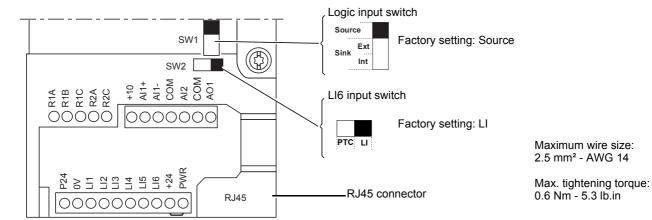


# IMPROPERLY SECURED TERMINAL CARD

When replacing the control terminal card, it is essential to fully tighten the captive screw.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

#### Arrangement of the control terminals



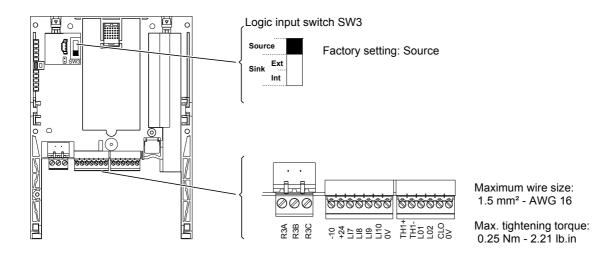
Note: The ATV71 is supplied with a link between the PWR and +24 terminals.

# **Control terminals**

#### Characteristics and functions of the control terminals

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics		
R1A	Common point C/O contact (R1C) of	Minimum switching capacity: 3 mA		
R1B R1C	programmable relay R1	<ul> <li>Maximum switching capacity on res</li> <li>5 A for 250 V \( \sigma \) or 30 V \( \sigma \)</li> </ul>	sistive load:	
R2A	N/O contact of R2 programmable relay	<ul> <li>Maximum switching current on indu</li> </ul>	ctive load (cos $\varphi = 0.4$ L/R = 7 ms):	
R2C	TWO contact of N2 programmable relay	2 A for 250 V $\sim$ or 30 V $=$	, ,	
		<ul> <li>Reaction time: 7 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> <li>Service life: 100,000 operations at r</li> </ul>	may switching nower	
		Service life. 100,000 operations at 1	nax. switching power	
+10	+10 V power supply for reference	• +10 V (10.5 V ± 0.5 V)		
	potentiometer	• 10 mA, max.		
	1 to 10 kΩ			
Al1+	Differential analog input Al1	• -10 to +10 V — (max. safe voltage 2		
AI1 -		• Reaction time: 2 ms $\pm$ 0.5 ms, 11-b • Accuracy $\pm$ 0.6% for $\Delta\theta$ = 60°C (140		
СОМ	Analog I/O common	0 V	,,,	
AI2	Depending on software configuration:			
	Analog voltage input	• Analog input 0 to +10 V $=$ (max. sa	ife voltage 24 V),	
	or	impedance 30 kΩ		
	or Analog current input	<ul><li>Analog input X - Y mA, X and Y can</li></ul>	be programmed from 0 to 20 mA	
		• Impedance 250 $\Omega$		
		• Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms	or $\Delta\theta$ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.15% of max.	
		value	01 \(\Delta 0 = 00  C (140 1 ), linearity 1 0.15% of flax.	
COM	Analog I/O common	0 V		
AO1	Depending on software configuration:			
	Analog voltage output	<ul> <li>Analog output 0 to +10 V —, load in</li> </ul>	npedance greater than 50 kΩ	
	or Analog current output  or Analog output X - Y mA, X and Y can be programme		an be programmed from 0 to 20 mA	
	or	• Max. load impedance 500 $\Omega$		
	Logic output	<ul> <li>10-bit resolution, reaction time: 2 m</li> <li>Accuracy ± 1% for Δθ = 60°C (140°</li> </ul>	s ± 0.5 ms	
		or	), illieality 1 0.2 % of max. value	
		Logic output : 0 to +10 V or 0 to 20 mA.		
	1			
P24	Input for external +24 V— control section power supply	<ul> <li>+24 V — (min. 19 V, max. 30 V)</li> <li>Power 30 watts</li> </ul>		
0V	Logic input common and 0 V of P24	0 V		
	external power supply			
LI1	Programmable logic inputs	• +24 V — (max. 30 V)	Switch SW1 State 0 State 1	
LI2 LI3		<ul> <li>Impedance 3.5 kΩ</li> <li>Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> </ul>	Source (factory setting) < 5 V > 11 V	
LI4			Sink Int or Sink Ext > 16 V < 10 V	
LI5				
LI6	Depending on the position of switch SW2:	Switch SW2 on LI (factory setting)		
	- Programmable logic input	<ul> <li>Same characteristics as logic inputs</li> </ul>	s LI1 to LI5	
		or		
	or Input for PTC probes	Switch SW2 on PTC • Trip threshold 3 k $\Omega$ , reset threshold	1.8 kO	
	pacion i e probob	• Short-circuit detection threshold < 5		
+24	Logic input power supply	Switch SW1 in Source or Sink Int pos		
		<ul> <li>+24 V — power supply (min. 21 V, I overloads</li> </ul>	max. 27 V), protected against short-circuits and	
		<ul> <li>Max. current available for customer.</li> </ul>	s 200 mA	
		<ul> <li>Switch SW1 in Sink Ext position</li> <li>Input for external +24 V — power since</li> </ul>	upply for the logic inputs	
PWR	Power Removal safety function input	• 24 V — power supply (max. 30 V)	apply for the logic inputs	
. ****	When PWR is not connected to the 24	<ul> <li>Impedance 1.5 kΩ</li> </ul>		
	V, the motor cannot be started	<ul> <li>State 0 if &lt; 2 V, state 1 if &gt; 17 V</li> </ul>		
	(compliance with functional safety standard EN 954-1, ISO 13849-1 and			
	IEC/EN 61508).			
L	·			

# Logic I/O option card terminals (VW3 A3 201)



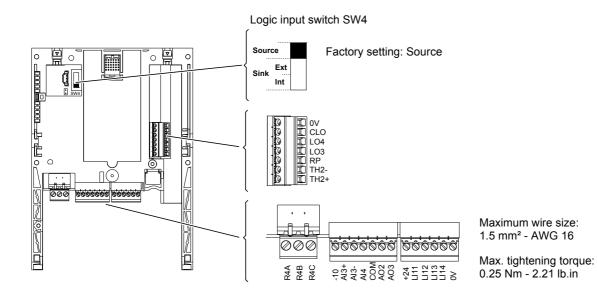
#### **Characteristics and functions of the terminals**

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics
R3A R3B R3C	Common point C/O contact R3C of programmable relay R3	<ul> <li>Minimum switching capacity: 3 mA for 24 V ==</li> <li>Maximum switching capacity on resistive load: 5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V ==</li> <li>Maximum switching capacity on inductive load (cos φ = 0.4 L/R = 7 ms): 2 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V ==</li> <li>Reaction time: 7 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> <li>Service life: 100,000 operations</li> </ul>

-10	-10 V $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ power supply for reference potentiometer 1 to 10 k $\Omega$	<ul> <li>-10 V (-10.5 V ± 0.5 V)</li> <li>10 mA, max.</li> </ul>			
+24	Logic input power supply	<ul> <li>Switch SW3 in Source or Sink Int position</li> <li>+24 V power supply (min. 21 V, max. 27 V), protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current available for customers 200 mA (this corresponds to the total consumption on the control card +24 and the option cards +24)</li> <li>Switch SW3 in Sink Ext position</li> <li>Input for external +24 V power supply for the logic inputs</li> </ul>			
LI7 LI8 LI9 LI10	Programmable logic inputs	<ul> <li>+24 V = power supply (max. 30 V)</li> <li>Impedance 3.5 kΩ</li> <li>Reaction time 2 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> </ul>	Switch SW3 Source (factory setting) Sink Int or Sink Ext		State 1 > 11 V === < 10 V ===
0V	0 V	0 V			

TH1+ TH1-	PTC probe input	• Trip threshold 3 k $\Omega$ , reset threshold 1.8 k $\Omega$ • Short-circuit detection threshold < 50 $\Omega$
LO1 LO2	Open collector programmable logic outputs	<ul> <li>+24 V — (max. 30 V)</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA for internal power supply and 200 mA for external power supply</li> <li>Reaction time: 2 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> </ul>
CLO	Logic output common	
0V	0 V	0 V

#### Extended I/O option card terminals (VW3 A3 202)

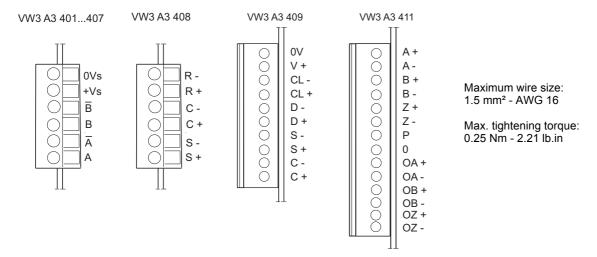


#### **Characteristics and functions of the terminals**

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics
R4A R4B R4C	Common point C/O contact R4C of programmable relay R4	<ul> <li>Minimum switching capacity: 3 mA for 24 V ==</li> <li>Maximum switching capacity on resistive load: 5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V ==</li> <li>Maximum switching capacity on inductive load (cos φ = 0.4 L/R = 7 ms): 1.5 A for 250 V ~ or 30 V ==</li> <li>Reaction time 10 ms ± 1 ms</li> <li>Service life: 100,000 operations</li> </ul>
-10	-10 V power supply for reference potentiometer 1 to 10 $k\Omega$	• -10 V (-10.5 V ± 0.5 V) • 10 mA, max.
Al3 +	+ polarity of the current differential analog input Al3	- Analog input X - Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, impedance 250 $\Omega$
AI3 -	- polarity of the current differential analog input Al3	<ul> <li>Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms</li> <li>11-bit resolution + 1 sign bit, accuracy ± 0.6% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F)</li> <li>Linearity ± 0.15% of max. value</li> </ul>
Al4	Depending on software configuration: Analog current input or Analog voltage input	<ul> <li>Analog input 0 to +10 V — (max. safe voltage 24 V), impedance 30 kΩ or</li> <li>Analog input X - Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, impedance 250 Ω</li> <li>Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms</li> <li>11-bit resolution, accuracy ± 0.6% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.15% of max. value</li> </ul>
COM	Analog I/O common	0 V
AO2 AO3	Depending on software configuration: Analog voltage outputs or Analog current outputs	<ul> <li>0 - 10 V — or -10/+10 V — bipolar analog output depending on software configuration, load impedance greater than 50 kΩ or</li> <li>Analog current output X-Y mA, X and Y can be programmed from 0 to 20 mA, max. load impedance 500 Ω</li> <li>10-bit resolution</li> <li>Reaction time 5 ms ± 1 ms, accuracy ± 1% for Δθ = 60°C (140°F), linearity ± 0.2%</li> </ul>

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics			
+24	Logic input power supply	<ul> <li>Switch SW4 in Source or Sink Int position</li> <li>+24 V — output (min. 21 V, max. 27 V), protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current available for customers 200 mA (this corresponds to the total consumption on the control card +24 and the option cards +24)</li> <li>Switch SW4 in Sink Ext position</li> <li>Input for external +24 V — power supply for the logic inputs</li> </ul>			
LI11 LI12	LI11 Programmable logic inputs • +24 V — (max. 30 V)		Switch SW4	State 0	State 1
LI13		Reaction time: 5 ms ± 1 ms	Source (factory setting)	< 5 V	> 11 V
LI14			Sink Int or Sink Ext	> 16 V	< 10 V
0V	Logic input common	0 V			
TH2 + TH2 -	PTC probe input	<ul> <li>Trip threshold 3 kΩ, reset threshold 1.8 kΩ</li> <li>Short-circuit detection threshold &lt; 50 Ω</li> </ul>			
RP	Frequency input	<ul> <li>Frequency range: 030 kHz</li> <li>Cyclic ratio: 50% ± 10%</li> <li>Maximum sampling time: 5 ms ± 1 ms</li> <li>Maximum input voltage 30 V, 15 mA</li> <li>Add a resistor if the input voltage is greater than 5 V (510 Ω for 12 V, 910 Ω for 15 V, 1.3 kΩ for 24 V)</li> <li>State 0 if &lt; 1.2 V, state 1 if &gt; 3.5 V</li> </ul>			
LO3 LO4	Open collector programmable logic outputs	<ul> <li>+24 V — (max. 30 V)</li> <li>Max. current 20 mA for internal power supply and 200 mA for external power supply</li> <li>Reaction time 5 ms ± 1ms</li> </ul>			
CLO	Logic output common				
0V	0 V	0 V			

#### **Encoder interface card terminals**



#### Characteristics and functions of the terminals

Encoder interface cards with RS422-compatible differential outputs

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics		
		VW3 A3 401	VW3 A3 402	
+Vs 0Vs	Power supply for encoder	5 V == (max. 5.5 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads     Max. current 200 mA	<ul> <li>15 V == (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 175 mA</li> </ul>	
A, /A B, /B	Incremental logic inputs	Max. resolution: 5,000 points/rev     Max. frequency: 300 kHz     Nominal input voltage: 5 V		

Encoder interface cards with open collector outputs

Lilcoaci iii	Encoder interface cards with open concetor outputs				
Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics			
		VW3 A3 403	VW3 A3 404		
+Vs	Power supply	` ','	• 15 V — (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits		
0Vs	for encoder	and overloads	and overloads		
		Max. current 175 mA	Max. current 175 mA		
A, /A	Incremental	Max. resolution: 5,000 points/rev			
B, /B	logic inputs	Max. frequency: 300 kHz			

Encoder interface cards with push-pull outputs

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics		
		VW3 A3 405	VW3 A3 406	VW3 A3 407
+Vs 0Vs	Power supply for encoder	<ul> <li>12 V — (max. 13 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 175 mA</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>15 V == (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 175 mA</li> </ul>	24 V — (min. 20V, max. 30V)     protected against short-circuits and overloads     Max. current 100 mA
A, /A B, /B	Incremental logic inputs	<ul><li>Max. resolution: 5,000 points/rev</li><li>Max. frequency: 300 kHz</li></ul>		

Resolver encoder interface card (ATV ... 383)

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics
		VW3 A3 408
R -	Reference	Nominal voltage: 1.25 to 5.6 V rms
R +	excitation	Maximum current: 50 mA
C -	Cosine signals	Transformation ratio: Automatic detection (4/1 - 3/1 - 2/1 - 1/1)
C +		• Excitation frequency: 4 - 8 - 12 kHz
S - S +	Sine signals	<ul> <li>Resolution: 12 bits for 360° electrical ± 1 bit</li> <li>Number of poles/max. speed: 2/7,500 rpm - 4/3,750 rpm - 6/2,500 rpm - 8/1,875 rpm</li> </ul>

SinCos, SinCosHiperface, EnDat, SSI encoder interface card (ATV ... 383)

Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics		
		VW3 A3 409		
0V V+	Power supply for encoder	<ul> <li>5 V — (max. 5.5 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA</li> <li>8 V — (max. 8.5 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>12 V — (max. 12.5 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA</li> </ul>		
CL - CL +	Clock	<ul> <li>Fixed clock frequency: 500 kHz</li> <li>Max. speed feedback resolution: 2<sup>13</sup></li> </ul>		
D - D +	Data			
S - S +	Sine signals			
C - C +	Cosine signals			

Encoder interface card with RS422-compatible differential outputs with encoder emulation

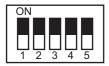
Terminals	Function	Electrical characteristics		
		VW3 A3 411		
P 0	Power supply for encoder	<ul> <li>5 V — (max. 5.5 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>15 V — (max. 16 V) protected against short-circuits and overloads</li> <li>Max. current 200 mA</li> </ul>	
A+, A- B+, B- Z+, Z-	Logic inputs	Max. resolution: 10,000 points/rev     Max. frequency: 300 kHz		
OA+, OA- OB+, OB- OZ+, OZ-	Logic outputs	<ul> <li>Selectable ratio: 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64</li> <li>Max. frequency: 300 kHz</li> </ul>		

This encoder card has two sets of parameterization switches:

- The first is used to select the supply voltage provided by the interface card to the encoder: 5 V or 15 V.
- The second is a set of 5 switches numbered from 1 to 5 (see below). The division ratio for the ESIM outputs is selected using switches 1, 2 and 3. Switches 4 and 5 are used to select the input signals used on the encoder card. Fault detection will be inhibited for inputs selected via these switches.

1	2	3	ESIM outputs
ON	ON	ON	A and B divided by 1
ON	ON	OFF	A and B divided by 2
ON	OFF	ON	A and B divided by 4
ON	OFF	OFF	A and B divided by 8
OFF	ON	ON	A and B divided by 16
OFF	ON	OFF	A and B divided by 32
OFF	OFF	ON	A and B divided by 64
OFF	OFF	OFF	ESIM deactivated

4	5	Encoder inputs
ON	ON	Encoder A, B and Z
ON	OFF	Encoder A and B
OFF	ON	Encoder A and B
OFF	OFF	Encoder A
-		



#### Selecting an encoder

The encoder interface cards available as an option with the ATV71 enable different encoder technologies to be used (incremental or absolute).

- Incremental encoder with RS422-compatible differential outputs
- Incremental encoder with open collector outputs
- Incremental encoder with push-pull outputs
- Incremental encoder with RS422-compatible differential outputs with encoder emulation
- · Resolver absolute encoder
- · SinCos incremental encoder, SinCosHiperface absolute encoder, EnDat absolute encoder, SSI absolute encoder

The VW3 A3 408 and VW3 A3 409 encoder cards available as an option with the ATV71 specification 383 can be used with a synchronous or asynchronous motor for closed-loop control.

#### Wiring an encoder

Use a shielded cable containing 3 twisted pairs with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (0.98 in. and 1.97 in.). Connect the shielding to ground at both ends.

The minimum cross-section of the conductors must comply with the table below, in order to limit line voltage drop:

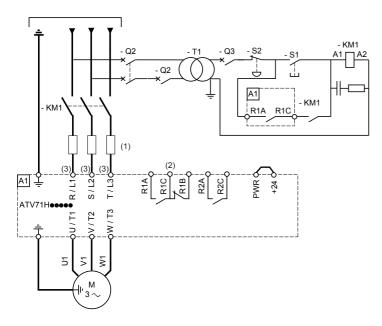
Max. encoder	VW3 A3 401402			VW3 A3 403407		
cable length	Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors		Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors	
10 m	100 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24	100 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24
32.8 ft	200 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24	200 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24
50 m 164 ft	100 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20	100 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20
	200 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18	200 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18
100 m	100 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18	100 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18
328 ft	200 mA	1.5 mm²	AWG 15	200 mA	1.5 mm²	AWG 15
200 m	-	-	-	100 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20
656 ft	=	-	-	200 mA	1.5 mm²	AWG 15
300 m 984 ft	-	-	-	100 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18
	=	-	-	200 mA	1.5 mm²	AWG 15

Max. encoder	VW3 A3 408			VW3 A3 409		
cable length	Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors		Max. consumption current of encoder	Minimum cross-section of conductors	
25 m	30 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24	100 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20
82 ft	50 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24	200 mA	1 mm²	AWG 17
50 m 164 ft	30 mA	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 24	100 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18
	50 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20	200 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 15
100 m	30 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20	-	-	-
328 ft	50 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20	-	-	-
200 m 656 ft	30 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18	-	-	-
	50 mA	1 mm²	AWG 17	-	-	-

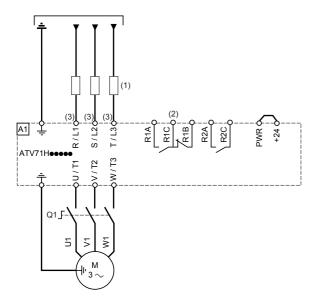
			VW3 A3 411				
	Max. consumption	Minimum cross-section of conductors					
	current of encoder	15 V pow	er supply	5 V power supply			
25 m	100 mA	0.2 mm²	AWG 24	0.5 mm²	AWG 20		
82 ft	200 mA	0.5 mm²	AWG 20	1 mm²	AWG 17		
50 m	100 mA	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 20	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18		
164 ft	200 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18	1.5 mm²	AWG 15		
100 m 328 ft	100 mA	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 18	-	-		
	200 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG 15	-	-		

# Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 1, ISO 13849-1 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL1, stopping category 0 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

#### Diagram with line contactor



#### Diagram with switch disconnect



- (1) Line choke, optional for ATV71H•••M3X and ATV71H•••N4, compulsory for ATV71H•••Y drives (to be ordered separately) if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).
- (2) Fault relay contacts, for remote signaling of drive status
- (3) For the wiring of the power section AC supply for ATV71H C40N4, C50N4, C40Y, C50Y and C63Y drives please refer to page 64.

**Note:** Install interference suppressors on all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

#### Choice of associated components:

Please refer to the catalog.

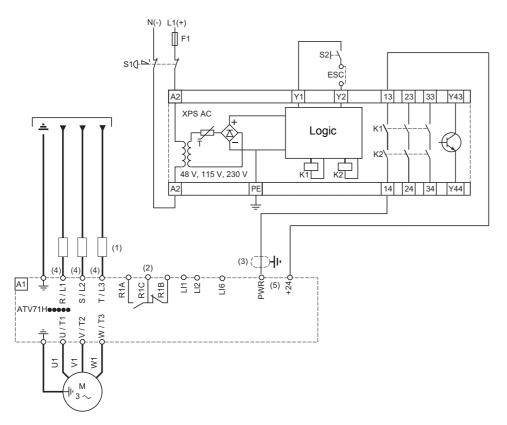
# Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 3, ISO 13849-1 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL2, stopping category 0 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

This connection diagram is suitable for use with machines with a short freewheel stop time (machines with low inertia or high resistive torque). When the emergency stop is activated, the drive power supply is cut immediately and the motor stops in accordance with category 0 of standard IEC/EN 60204-1.

(B)

This diagram must be used for hoisting applications.

A contact on the Preventa XPS AC module must be inserted in the brake control circuit to engage it safely when the Power Removal safety function is activated.



- (1) Line choke, optional for ATV71H•••M3X and ATV71H•••N4, compulsory for ATV71H•••Y (to be ordered separately) if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).
- (2) Fault relay contacts, for remote signaling of drive status
- (3) It is essential to connect the shielding on the cable connected to the Power Removal input to ground.
- (4) For the wiring of the power section AC supply for ATV71H C40N4, C50N4, C40Y, C50Y and C63Y drives please refer to page 64.
- (5) Use cable ends DZ5CE020 (yellow) on wires connected to PWR and +24 inputs.
  - Standard EN 954-1 category 3 and ISO 13849-1 require the use of a stop button with double contact (S1).
  - S1 is used to activate the Power Removal safety function.
  - S2 is used to initialize the Preventa module when powering up or after an emergency stop. ESC enables the use of other initialization conditions for the module.
  - One Preventa module can be used for the Power Removal safety function on several ATV71 drives.
  - A logic input on the Preventa module can be used to indicate reliably that the drive is operating in safe conditions.

#### Note:

For preventive maintenance, the Power Removal function must be activated at least once a year.

The drive power supply must be turned off and then on again before carrying out this preventive maintenance.

The drive logic output signals cannot be considered as safety-type signals.

Install interference suppressors on all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

#### Choice of associated components:

Please refer to the catalog.

#### Connection diagrams conforming to standards EN 954-1 category 3, ISO 13849-1 and IEC/EN 61508 capacity SIL2, stopping category 1 in accordance with standard IEC/EN 60204-1

This connection diagram is suitable for use with machines with a long freewheel stop time (machines with high inertia or low resistive torque).

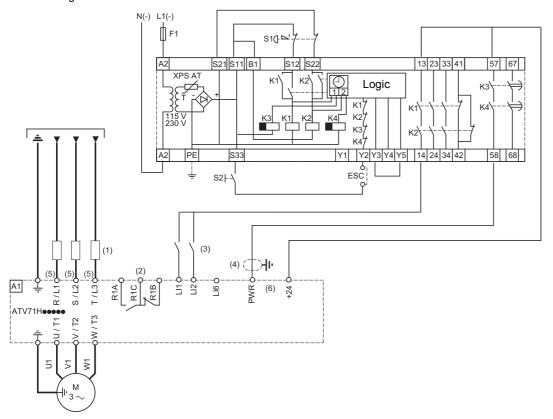


This diagram must not be used for hoisting applications.

When the emergency stop is activated, deceleration of the motor controlled by the drive is requested first. Then, after a time delay corresponding to the deceleration time, the Power Removal safety function is activated.

#### Example:

- 2-wire control
- LI1 assigned to forward
- LI2 assigned to reverse



- (1) Line choke, optional for ATV71H ••• M3X and ATV71H ••• N4, compulsory for ATV71H ••• Y (to be ordered separately) if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse)
- (2) Fault relay contacts, for remote signaling of drive status
- (3) In this example, the logic inputs Lix are wired as "Source" but can be wired as "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext" (please refer to page 65).
- (4) It is essential to connect the shielding on the cable connected to the Power Removal input to ground.
- (5) For the wiring of the power section AC supply for ATV71H C40N4, C50N4, C40Y, C50Y and C63Y drives please refer to page 64.
- (6) Use cable ends DZ5CE020 (yellow) on wires connected to PWR and +24 inputs.
  - Standard EN 954-1 category 3 and ISO 13849-1 require the use of an emergency stop with double contact (S1).
  - S1 is used to activate the Power Removal safety function.
  - S2 is used to initialize the Preventa module when powering up or after an emergency stop. ESC enables the use of other initialization conditions for the module.
  - One Preventa module can be used for the Power Removal safety function on several ATV71 drives. In this case the time delay must be set to the longest stopping time.
  - A logic input on the Preventa module can be used to indicate reliably that the drive is operating in safe conditions.

Note: For preventive maintenance, the Power Removal function must be activated at least once a year.

The drive power supply must be turned off and then on again before carrying out this preventive maintenance.

The drive logic output signals cannot be considered as safety-type signals.

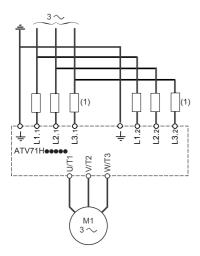
Install interference suppressors on all inductive circuits near the drive or coupled to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc).

#### Choice of associated components:

Please refer to the catalog.

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# Connection diagram for power terminals on ATV71H C40N4, C50N4, C40Y, C50Y, C63Y drives

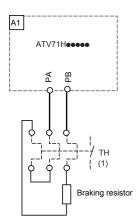


(1) Line chokes, optional for ATV71H•••N4, compulsory for ATV71H•••Y (to be ordered separately) if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).

#### **Braking resistor connection diagram**

ATV71H D55M3X, D75M3 ATV71H D90N4 to C16N4 ATV71H C11Y to C16Y

For these ratings, braking resistors are connected directly to the terminals at the base of the drive (terminals PA and PB).



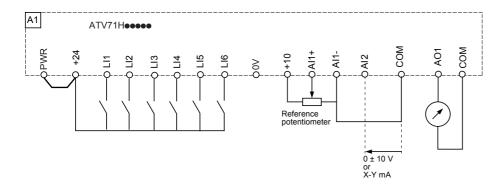
(1) Thermal overload relay

#### ATV71H C20N4 to C50N4 ATV71H C20Y to C63Y

For these ratings, the braking resistor is connected on the external braking unit. Please refer to the braking unit User's Manual.

#### **Control connection diagrams**

#### Control card connection diagram

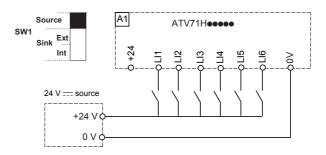


#### Logic input switch (SW1)

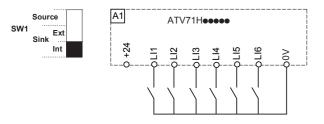
The logic input switch (SW1) is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs.

- Set the switch to Source (factory setting) if using PLC outputs with PNP transistors.
- · Set the switch to Sink Int or Sink Ext if using PLC outputs with NPN transistors.
- · Switch SW1 set to "Source" position

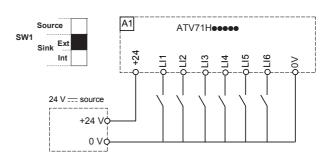
 Switch SW1 set to "Source" position and use of an external power supply for the LIs



• Switch SW1 set to "Sink Int" position



• Switch SW1 set to "Sink Ext" position



#### A

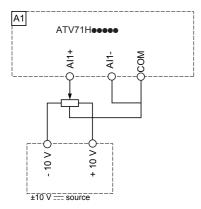
#### **WARNING**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

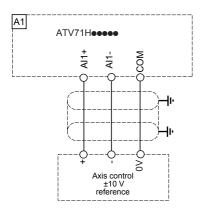
When switch SW1 is set to "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext", the common must never be connected to ground or to protective ground, as there is then a risk of unintended equipment operation on the first insulation fault.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

#### Bipolar speed reference



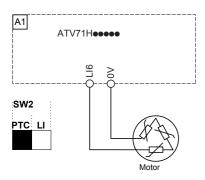
#### Speed reference using axis control



#### Switch SW2

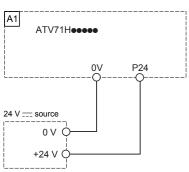
The LI6 logic input switch (SW2) makes it possible to use the LI6 input:

- Either as a logic input by setting the switch to LI (factory setting)
   Or for motor protection via PTC probes by setting the switch to PTC



#### Control power supply via an external source

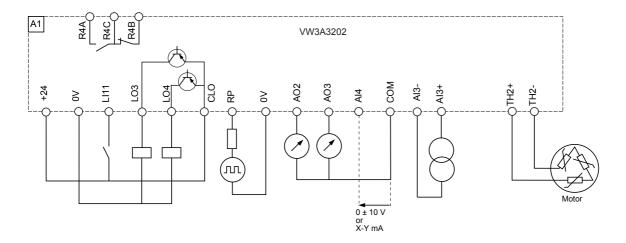
The control card can be supplied via an external +24 V = source



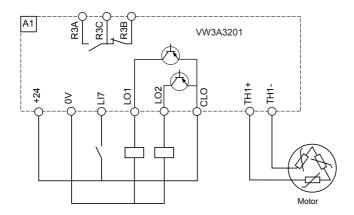
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# I/O extension card connection diagrams

#### Connection diagram for extended I/O option card (VW3A3202)



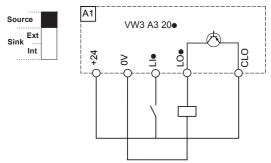
#### Connection diagram for logic I/O option card (VW3A3201)



#### SW3/SW4 logic I/O switch

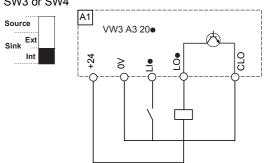
· Switch in "Source" position

#### SW3 or SW4



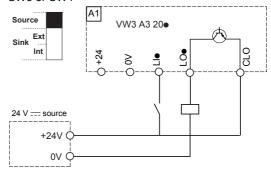
· Switch in "Sink Int" position

#### SW3 or SW4



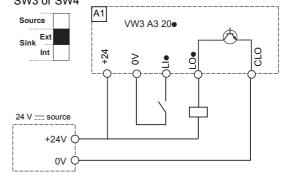
 Switch in "Source" position and use of an external + 24 V == source

#### SW3 or SW4



· Switch in "Sink Ext" position





#### $\Lambda$

#### **WARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

When switches SW3 or SW4 are set to "Sink Int" or "Sink Ext", the common must never be connected to ground or to protective ground, as there is then a risk of unintended equipment operation on the first insulation fault.

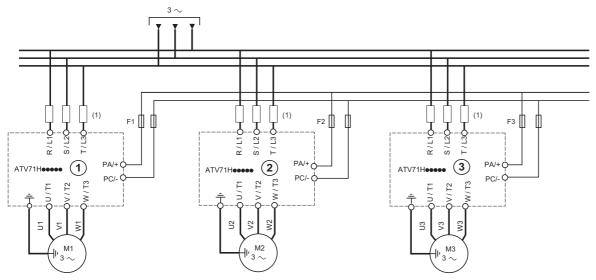
Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

#### Connection of several drives in parallel on the DC bus

It is essential that these drives all have the same voltage rating.

#### Connection on DC bus between drives with equivalent ratings

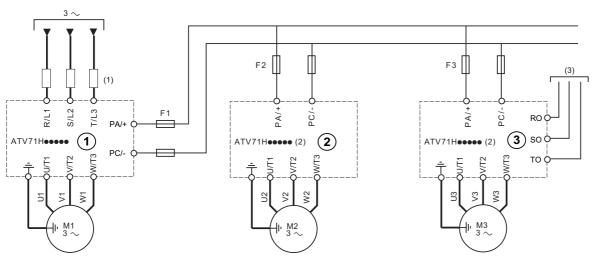
Each drive uses its own charging circuit



Drives (1), (2) and (3) must not be more than one size apart when they are connected in this way.

F1, F2, F3: Fast-acting semiconductor fuses for protection on the DC bus side.

#### Connection on DC bus between drives with different ratings



- (1) Line choke, optional for ATV71H•••M3X and ATV71H•••N4, compulsory for ATV71H•••Y (to be ordered separately) if a special transformer is not used (e.g., 12-pulse).
- (2) Drives ② and Catalog number ③ powered only by their DC bus do not have to have a DC choke (catalog number ATV71HeeeM3XD or ATV71HeeeN4D).
- (3) Separate fan power supply for certain ratings, please refer to the warning below.
- F1, F2, F3: Fast-acting semiconductor fuses for protection on the DC bus side.

# **A** CAUTION

#### **RISK OF DAMAGE TO DRIVES**

- Drive 1 must be large enough to supply all the motors capable of operating simultaneously.
- When ratings D75M3X, C11N4 to C50N4 and C11Y to C63Y (drive 3 in the diagram above) are powered only by their DC bus and
  not their R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 terminals, it is essential to provide a separate three-phase power supply 380...480 V, 50 / 60 Hz (RO, SO,
  TO terminals) for the fans, protected with fuses or a motor disconnect. Power and connection are detailed on the following page.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

#### Power consumed by the fans

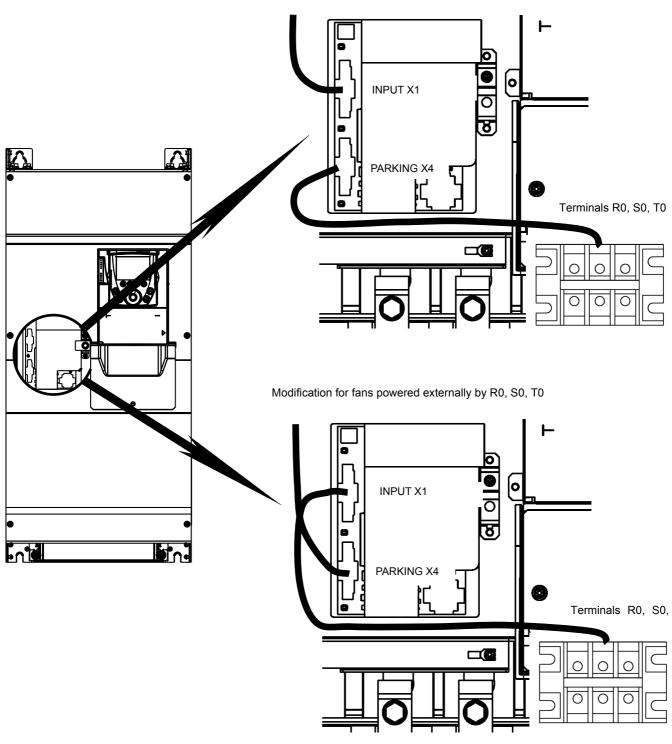
ATV71H drive	Power consumed by the fans
D75M3X, C11N4, C13N4, C16N4, C11Y, C13Y, C16Y	550 VA
C20N4, C25N4, C28N4, C20Y, C25Y, C31Y	1,100 VA
C31N4, C40N4, C50N4, C40Y, C50Y, C63Y	2,200 VA

#### Connecting fans for a separate power supply

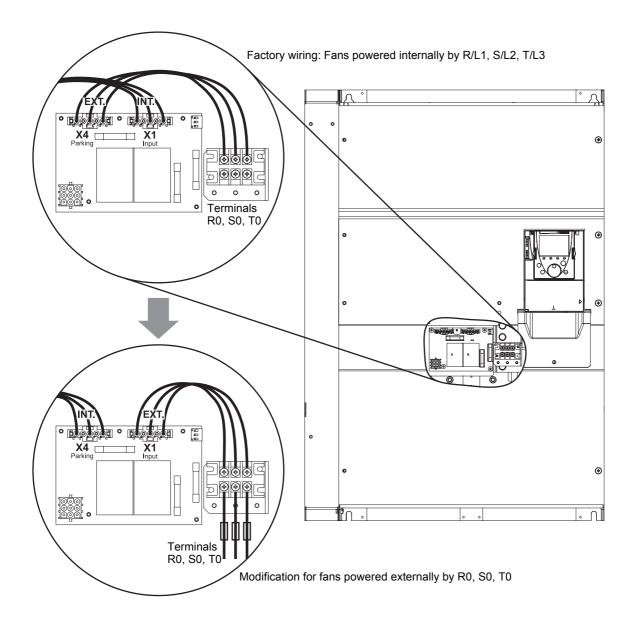
In order to remove the link between the fans and power supply terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 and relocate it at terminals RO, SO, TO, connectors X1 and X4 must be crossed as indicated on the diagrams below.

#### ATV71H D75M3X, C11N4 to C16N4 and C11Y to C16Y

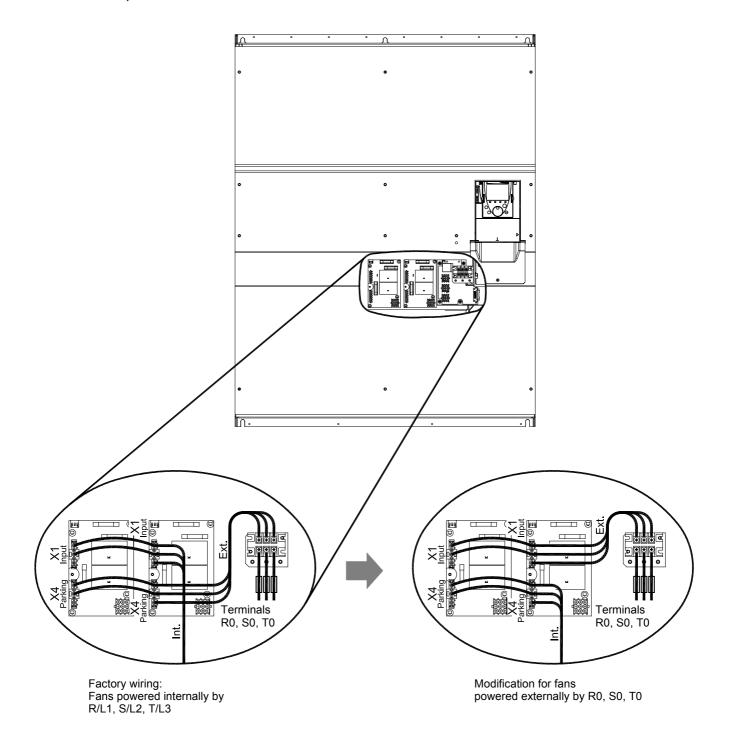
Factory wiring: Fans powered internally by R/L1, S/L2, T/L3



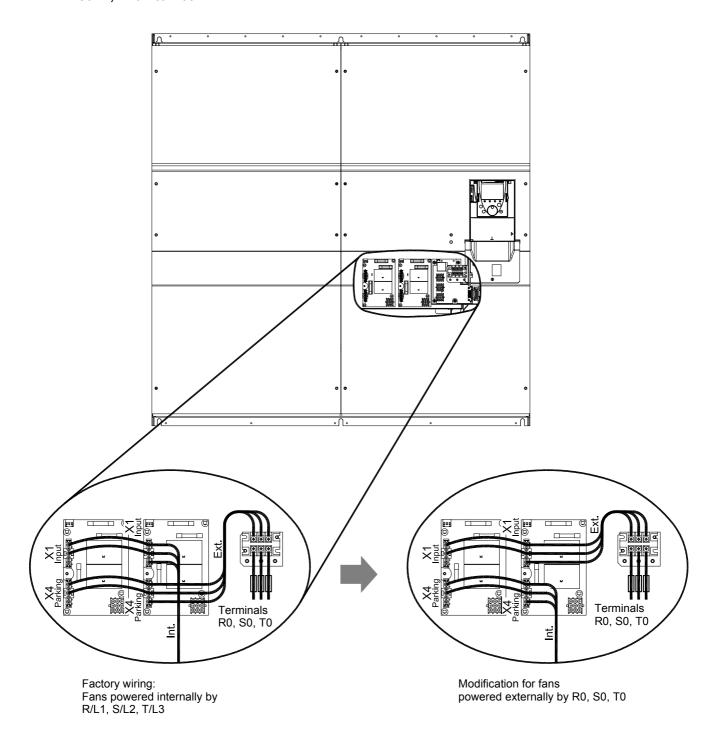
#### ATV71H C20N4 to C28N4 and C20Y to C31Y



#### ATV71H C31N4, C40N4



#### ATV71H C50N4, C40Y to C63Y



#### Use on an IT system and corner grounded system

IT system: Isolated or impedance grounded neutral system.

Use a permanent insulation monitor compatible with non-linear loads such as a Merlin Gerin type XM200 or equivalent.

Altivar 71 drives feature built-in RFI filters. In order to be able to use ATV71H C11Y to C63Y drives on an IT system, the link between these filters and ground must be removed as shown in the connection diagrams below. For other drives, removal of the link is possible but not mandatory:

Corner grounded system: System with one phase grounded.



#### WARNING

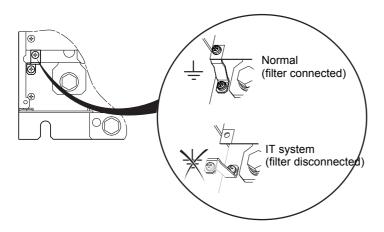
#### **RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK**

ATV71H C11Y to C63Y drives must not be connected on a corner grounded system.

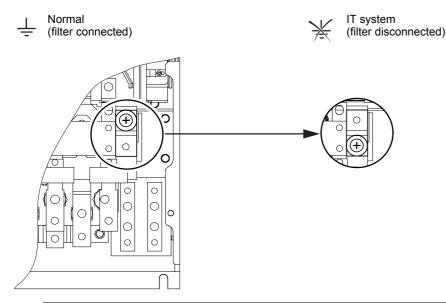
Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

#### **Disconnection of RFI filters**

#### ATV71H D90N4 to C11N4:



#### ATV71H C13N4 to C16N4 and ATV71H C11Y to C16Y:



# **▲** CAUTION

#### **RISK OF DAMAGE TO DRIVE**

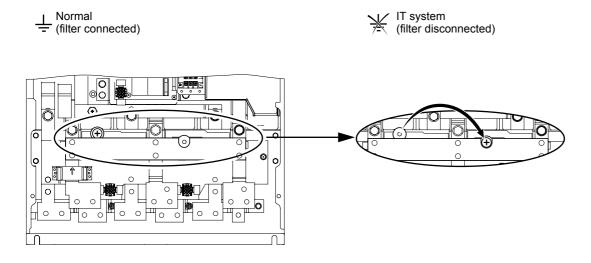
The filter must be disconnected if the drive is to be used on an IT or corner grounded system.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

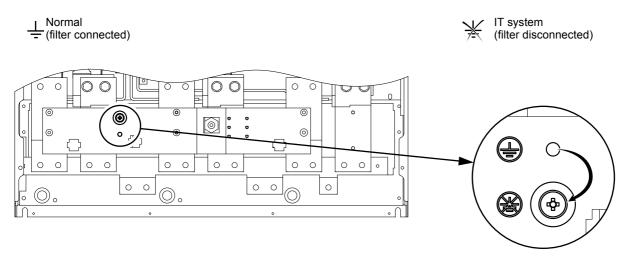
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# Use on an IT system and corner grounded system

#### ATV71H C20N4 to C28N4 and ATV71H C20Y to C31Y:



#### ATV71HC31N4:



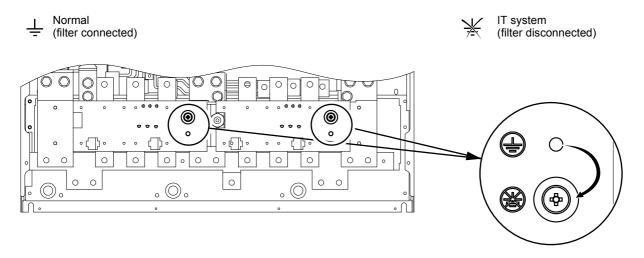
# **A** CAUTION

#### **RISK OF DAMAGE TO DRIVE**

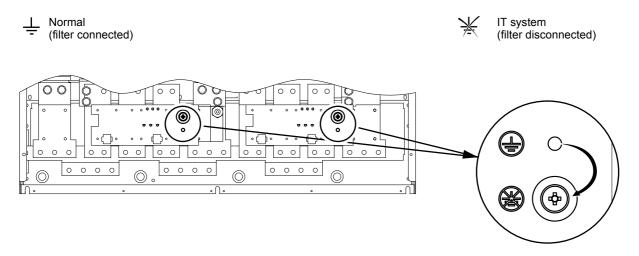
The filter must be disconnected if the drive is to be used on an IT or corner grounded system. Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

# Use on an IT system and corner grounded system

#### ATV71HC40N4:



#### ATV71H C50N4 and ATV71H C40Y to C63Y:



# **A** CAUTION

#### **RISK OF DAMAGE TO DRIVE**

The filter must be disconnected if the drive is to be used on an IT or corner grounded system. Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury and/or equipment damage.

# Electromagnetic compatibility, wiring

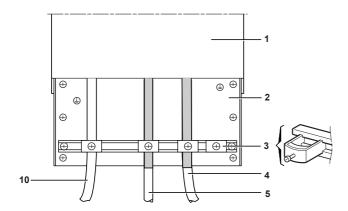
#### **Electromagnetic compatibility**

#### **Principle**

- Grounds between drive, motor and cable shielding must have "high frequency" equipotentiality.
- Use of shielded cables with shielding connected to ground at both ends for the motor cables, braking resistor (if used) and control-signal
  wiring. Metal ducting or conduit can be used for part of the shielding length provided that there is no break in continuity.
- Ensure maximum separation between the power cable (line supply) and the motor cable.

#### Installation diagram

#### ATV71H D55M3X to D75M3X, ATV71H D90N4 to C50N4 and ATV71H C11Y to C63Y



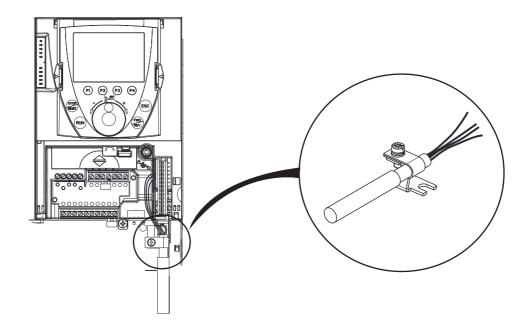
- 1 Altivar 71
- 2 Sheet steel grounded plate
- 3 Metal clamps
- 4 Shielded cable for motor connection, with shielding connected to ground at both ends. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 5 Shielded cable for connecting the braking resistor (if used). The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 6 Shielded cables for connecting the control-signal cables. For applications requiring several conductors, use cables with a small cross-section (0.5 mm2).
- 7 Shielded cables for connecting the Power Removal safety function input. The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 8 Shielded cables for connecting the encoder The shielding must be continuous and intermediate terminals must be in EMC shielded metal boxes.
- 9 Unshielded wires for relay contact output.
- 10 Unshielded drive power supply cables.

#### Note:

- If using an additional input filter, it should be connected directly to the line supply via an unshielded cable. Link 10 on the drive is made via the filter output cable.
- The HF equipotential ground connection between the drive, motor and cable shielding does not remove the need to connect the PE protective conductors (green-yellow) to the appropriate terminals on each unit.

# Electromagnetic compatibility, wiring

#### Installing the encoder cable for the VW3 A3 408, VW3 A3 409 and VW3 A3 411 cards (1 cable)

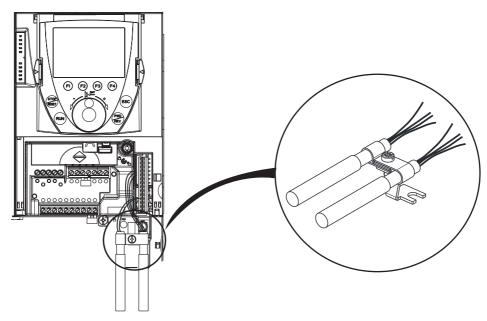


- 1 Strip the cable shielding.
- 2 Select the appropriate clamp for the cable diameter and attach it to the cable.
- 3 Attach the clamp to the bracket using one of the screws supplied with the card.
- 4 Use the ground screw to attach the bracket to the grounding point located next to the encoder card.

#### Note

The cable must be mounted on the EMC plate as shown in the diagram on page 77. The cable must be stripped for mounting on the EMC plate.

#### Installing the ESIM and encoder cables for the VW3 A3 411 card (2 cables)



Repeat steps 1 to 4 above.

- 5 Strip the shielding from the ESIM cable.
- 6 Attach the clamp to the cable.
- 7 Attach the clamp to the bracket using the second screw supplied with the card.